
pymake
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Joseph D. Hughes

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This is a python package for compiling MODFLOW-based and other Fortran, C, and C++ programs. The package determines the build order using a directed acyclic graph and then compiles the source files using GNU compilers (`gcc`, `g++`, `gfortran`) or Intel compilers (`ifort`, `icc`).

pymake can be run from the command line or it can be called from within python. By default, pymake sets the optimization level, Fortran flags, C/C++ flags, and linker flags that are consistent with those used to compile MODFLOW-based programs released by the USGS.

pymake includes example scripts for building MODFLOW 6, MODFLOW-2005, MODFLOW-NWT, MODFLOW-USG, MODFLOW-LGR, MODFLOW-2000, MODPATH 6, MODPATH 7, GSFLOW, VS2DT, MT3DMS, MT3D-USGS, SEAWAT, and SUTRA. Example scripts for creating the utility programs CRT, Triangle, and GRIDGEN are also included. The scripts download the distribution file from the USGS (and other organizations) and compile the source into a binary executable.

The main documentation for the site is organized into the following sections:

GETTING STARTED

Pymake can be used directly from the command line and within a python script. Examples of both use cases are given below.

1.1 Command Line Usage

When pymake is installed, a `mfpymake` (or `mfpymake.exe` for Windows) program is installed. `mfpymake` can be used to compile MODFLOW 6 in the `bin/` subdirectory directly from the command line using the Intel Fortran compiler from a subdirectory at the same level as the `src` subdirectory by specifying:

```
mfpymake src/ mf6 -mc --subdirs -fc ifort --appdir bin
```

MODFLOW 6 would be To see help for running from command line, use the following statement.

```
mfpymake -h
```

The help message identifies required positional arguments and optional arguments that can be provided to override default values.

```
usage: mfpymake [-h] [-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}]
               [-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}]
               [-ar {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}] [-mc] [-dbl] [-dbg]
               [-e] [-dr] [-sd] [-ff FFLAGS] [-cf CFLAGS]
               [-sl {-lc,-lm}] [-mf] [-md] [-cs COMMONSRC]
               [-ef EXTRAFILES] [-exf EXCLUDEFILES] [-so]
               [-ad APPDIR] [-v] [--keep] [--zip ZIP] [--inplace]
               [--networkx] [--mb] [-mbd]
               srcdir target
```

This is the pymake program for compiling fortran, c, and c++ source files, such as the source files that come with MODFLOW. The program works by building a directed acyclic graph of the module dependencies and then compiling the source files in the proper order.

positional arguments:

<code>srcdir</code>	Path source directory.
<code>target</code>	Name of target to create. (can include path)

optional arguments:

<code>-h, --help</code>	show this help message and exit
-------------------------	---------------------------------

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```

-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}
    Fortran compiler to use. (default is
    gfortran)
-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}
    C/C++ compiler to use. (default is gcc)
-ar {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}, --arch {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}
    Architecture to use for Intel and Microsoft
    compilers on Windows. (default is intel64)
-mc, --makeclean
    Clean temporary object, module, and source
    files when done. (default is False)
-dbl, --double
    Force double precision. (default is False)
-dbg, --debug
    Create debug version. (default is False)
-e, --expedite
    Only compile out of date source files. Clean
    must not have been used on previous build.
    (default is False)
-dr, --dryrun
    Do not actually compile. Files will be
    deleted, if --makeclean is used. Does not
    work yet for ifort. (default is False)
-sd, --subdirs
    Include source files in srcdir
    subdirectories. (default is None)
-ff FFLAGS, --fflags FFLAGS
    Additional Fortran compiler flags. Fortran
    compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes
    and start with a blank space or separated
    from the name (-ff or --fflags) with a equal
    sign (-ff='-O3'). (default is None)
-cf CFLAGS, --cflags CFLAGS
    Additional C/C++ compiler flags. C/C++
    compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes
    and start with a blank space or separated
    from the name (-cf or --cflags) with a equal
    sign (-cf='-O3'). (default is None)
-sl {-lc,-lm}, --syslibs {-lc,-lm}
    Linker system libraries. Linker libraries
    should be enclosed in quotes and start with a
    blank space or separated from the name (-sl
    or --syslibs) with a equal sign
    (-sl='-libgcc'). (default is None)
-mf, --makefile
    Create a GNU make makefile. (default is
    False)
-md, --makefile-dir
    GNU make makefile directory. (default is '.')
-cs COMMONSRC, --commonsrc COMMONSRC
    Additional directory with common source
    files. (default is None)
-ef EXTRAFILES, --extrafiles EXTRAFILES
    List of extra source files to include in the
    compilation. extrafiles can be either a list
    of files or the name of a text file that
    contains a list of files. (default is None)
-exf EXCLUDEFILES, --excludefiles EXCLUDEFILES
    List of extra source files to exclude from
    the compilation. excludefiles can be either a

```

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```

list of files or the name of a text file that
contains a list of files. (default is None)
-so, --sharedobject Create shared object or dll on Windows.
                      (default is False)
-ad APPDIR, --appdir APPDIR
                      Target path that overrides path defined target
                      path (default is None)
-v, --verbose        Verbose output to terminal. (default is
                      False)
--keep               Keep existing executable. (default is False)
--zip ZIP            Zip built executable. (default is False)
--inplace            Source files in srcdir are used directly.
                      (default is False)
--networkx           Use networkx package to build Directed
                      Acyclic Graph use to determine the order
                      source files are compiled in. (default is
                      False)
--mb, --meson-build Use meson to build executable. (default is
                      False)
-mbd, --mesonbuild-dir
                      meson directory. (default is '.')

```

Note that the source directory should not contain any bad or duplicate source files as all source files in the source directory, the common source file directory (srcdir2), and the extra files (extrafiles) will be built and linked. Files can be excluded by using the `excludefiles` command line switch.

Examples:

Compile MODFLOW 6 from the root directory containing the source files in subdirectories in the `src/` subdirectory:

```
$ mfpymake src/ mf6 --subdirs
```

Compile MODFLOW 6 in the `bin` subdirectory using the Intel Fortran compiler from the root directory containing the source files in subdirectories in the `src/` subdirectory:

```
$ mfpymake src/ mf6 --subdirs -fc ifort --appdir bin
```

Note that command line arguments for Fortran flags, C/C++ flags, and syslib libraries should be enclosed in quotes and start with a space prior to the first value (`-ff ' -03'`) or use an equal sign separating the command line argument and the values (`-ff='-03'`). The command line argument to use an `-03` optimization level when compiling MODFLOW 6 in the `bin/` subdirectory with the Intel Fortran compiler would be:

```
mfpymake ../src/ mf6 -mc --subdirs -fc ifort -ff='-03' --appdir bin
```

1.2 From Python

1.2.1 Script to compile MODFLOW 6

When using the pymake object (Pymake()) only the positional arguments (srcdir, target) need to be specified in the script.

```
import pymake

pm = pymake.Pymake()
pm.srcdir = '../src'
pm.target = 'mf6'
pm.include_subdirs = True
pm.build()
```

It is suggested that optional variables required for successful compiling and linking be manually specified in the script to minimize the potential for unsuccessful builds. For MODFLOW 6, subdirectories in the src subdirectory need to be included and 'pm.include_subdirs = True' has been specified in the script. Custom optimization levels and compiler flags could be specified to get consistent builds.

Non-default values for the optional arguments can be specified as command line arguments. For example, MODFLOW 6 could be compiled using Intel compilers instead of the default GNU compilers with the script listed above by specifying:

```
python mymf6script.py -fc ifort -cc icc
```

1.3 Notes

If gfortran is used to compile MODFLOW-based codes, the openspec.f and FILESPEC.inc (MT3DMS) files will automatically be changed to the following so that binary files are created properly using standard Fortran:

```
c -- created by pymake.py
CHARACTER*20 ACCESS,FORM,ACTION(2)
DATA ACCESS/'STREAM'/
DATA FORM/'UNFORMATTED'/
DATA (ACTION(I),I=1,2)/'READ','READWRITE'/
c -- end of include file
```

Use of STREAM access does not delete an existing unformatted file before opening it for writing. As a result, data from previous runs may exist in the file if the model is run for a shorter period of time. This does not apply to MODFLOW 6 simulations.

PYMAKE INSTALLATION

To install a stable version from PyPI:

```
pip install mfpymake
```

To install pymake directly from the git repository type:

```
pip install https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake/zipball/master
```

To update your version of pymake with the latest from the git repository type:

```
pip install https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake/zipball/master --upgrade
```


BUILDING APPLICATIONS

When pymake is installed, a `make-program` (or `make-program.exe` for Windows) program is installed, which is usually installed to a directory in the `PATH` (depending on the Python setup). From a console a list of command line arguments and options can be determined by executing:

```
$ make-program --help
usage: make-program [-h] [--release_precision]
                  [-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}]
                  [-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icx,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}]
                  [-dr] [-ff FFLAGS] [-cf CFLAGS] [-ad APPDIR] [-v] [--keep]
                  [--zip ZIP]
                  targets
```

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

positional arguments:

`targets` Program(s) to build. Options: `crt`, `gridgen`, `gsflow`, `libmf6`, `mf2000`, `mf2005`, `mf6`, `mflgr`, `mfnwt`, `mfusg`, `mp6`, `mp7`, `mt3dms`, `mt3dusgs`, `prms`, `sutra`, `swtv4`, `triangle`, `vs2dt`, `zbud6`, `zonbud3`, `zonbudusg`, `.`. Specifying the target to be `'.'` will build all of the programs.

optional arguments:

`-h, --help` show this help message and exit
`--release_precision` If `release_precision` is `False`, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the `standard_switch` and `double_switch` in `usgsprograms.txt` is `True`. default is `True`.
`-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}` Fortran compiler to use. (default is `gfortran`)
`-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icx,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}` C/C++ compiler to use. (default is `gcc`)
`-dr, --dryrun` Do not actually compile. Files will be deleted, if `--makeclean` is used. Does not work yet for `ifort`. (default is `False`)
`-ff FFLAGS, --fflags FFLAGS` Additional Fortran compiler flags. Fortran compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes and start with a blank space or separated from the name (`-ff` or `--fflags`) with a equal sign (`-ff='-O3'`). (default is

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```

None)
-cf CFLAGS, --cflags CFLAGS      Additional C/C++ compiler flags. C/C++ compiler flags
                                should be enclosed in quotes and start with a blank
                                space or separated from the name (-cf or --cflags)
                                with a equal sign (-cf='-O3'). (default is None)
-ad APPDIR, --appdir APPDIR      Target path that overrides path defined target path
                                (default is None)
-v, --verbose                    Verbose output to terminal. (default is False)
--keep                           Keep existing executable. (default is False)
--zip ZIP                        Zip built executable. (default is False)

```

Examples:

Download and compile MODFLOW 6 in the current directory:

```
$ make-program mf6
```

Download and compile triangle in the ./temp subdirectory:

```
$ make-program triangle --appdir temp
```

Download and compile all programs in the ./temp subdirectory:

```
$ make-program : --appdir temp
```

`make-program` can be used to build MODFLOW 6, MODFLOW-2005, MODFLOW-NWT, MODFLOW-USG, MODFLOW-LGR, MODFLOW-2000, MODPATH 6, MODPATH 7, GSFLOW, VS2DT, MT3DMS, MT3D-USGS, SEAWAT, GSFLOW, PRMS, and SUTRA. Utility programs CRT, Triangle, and GRIDGEN can also be built. `make-program` downloads the distribution file from the USGS (requires internet connection), unzips the distribution file, sets the pymake settings required to build the program, and compiles the source files to build the program. MT3DMS will be downloaded from the University of Alabama and Triangle will be downloaded from netlib.org. Optional command line arguments can be used to customize the build (`-fc`, `-cc`, `--fflags`, etc.). For example, MODFLOW 6 could be built using intel compilers and an O3 optimization level by specifying:

```
make-program mf6 -fc=ifort --fflags='-O3'
```

This section contains the Documentation of the Application Programming Interface (API) of pymake. The information in this section is automatically created from the documentation strings in original Python code. In the left-hand menu you will find the different categories of the API documentation.

4.1 pymake.pymake module

`Pymake()` class to make a binary executable for a FORTRAN, C, or C++ program, such as MODFLOW 6.

An example of how to build MODFLOW-2005 from source files in the official release downloaded from the USGS using Intel compilers is:

```
import pymake

# create an instance of the Pymake object
pm = pymake.Pymake(verbose=True)

# reset select pymake settings
pm.target = "mf2005"
pm.appdir = "../bin"
pm.fc = "ifort"
pm.cc = "icc"
pm.fflags = "-O3 -fbacktrace"
pm.cflags = "-O3"

# download the target
pm.download_target(pm.target, download_path="temp")

# build the target
pm.build()

# clean up downloaded files
pm.finalize()
```

All other settings not specified in the script would be based on command line arguments or default values. The same `Pymake()` object could be used to compile MODFLOW 6 by appending the following code to the previous code block:

```
# reset the target
pm.target = "mf6"
```

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```

# download the target
pm.download_target(pm.target, download_path="temp")

# build the target
pm.build()

# clean up downloaded files
pm.finalize()

```

The Intel compilers and fortran flags defined previously would be used when MODFLOW 6 was built.

class Pymake(name='pymake', verbose=None)

Bases: object

Pymake class for interacting with pymake functionality. This is essentially a wrapper for all of the pymake functions needed to download and build a target.

argv_reset_settings(args)

Reset settings using command line arguments

Parameters

args (Namespace object) – reset self.variables using command line arguments

build(target=None, srcdir=None, modify_exe_name=False)

Build the target

Parameters

- **target** (str) – target name. If target is None self.target is used. (default is None)
- **srcdir** (str) – path to directory with source files. (default is None)
- **modify_exe_name** (bool) – boolean that determines if the target name can be modified to include precision (dbl) and debugging (d) indicators.

compress_targets()

Compress targets in build_targets list.

download_setup(target, url=None, download_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30)

Setup download

Parameters

- **target** (str) – target name
- **url** (str) – url of asset
- **download_path** (str) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (bool) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (int) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

download_target(target, url=None, download_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30)

Setup and download url

Parameters

- **target** (str) – target name
- **url** (str) – url of asset

- **download_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

Returns

success – boolean flag indicating download success

Return type

bool

download_url()

Download files from the url

Returns

success – boolean flag indicating download success

Return type

bool

finalize()

Finalize Pymake class

reset(target)

Reset PyMake object variables for a target

Parameters

target (*str*) – target name

set_build_target_bool(target=None)

Evaluate if the executable exists and if so and the command line argument `-keep` is specified then the executable is not built.

Parameters

target (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target will be used. (default is None)

Returns

build – boolean indicating if the executable should be built

Return type

bool

update_build_targets()

Add target to build_targets list if it is not in the list

update_target(target, modify_target=False)

Update target name with executable extension on Windows and based on pymake settings.

Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **modify_target** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the target name can be modified based on pymake double and debug settings (default is False)

Returns

target – updated target name

Return type

str

4.2 pymake.pymake_build_apps module

Function to build MODFLOW-based models and other utility software based on targets defined in the usgsprograms database (usgsprograms.txt). The usgsprograms database can be queried using functions in the usgsprograms module. An example of using `pymake.build_apps()` to build MODFLOW 6 is:

```
import pymake
pymake.build_apps(["mf6",])
```

which will download the latest MODFLOW 6 software release, compile the code, and delete the downloaded files after successfully building the application. Multiple applications can be built by adding additional targets to the tuple in `pymake.build_apps()`. For example, MODFLOW 6 and MODFLOW-2005 could be built by specifying:

```
import pymake
pymake.build_apps(["mf6", "mf2005"])
```

Applications are built in the order they are listed in the list. All valid USGS applications are built if no list is passed to `pymake.build_apps()`.

build_apps(*targets=None, pymake_object=None, download_dir=None, appdir=None, verbose=None, release_precision=True, meson=False, mesondir='.', clean=True*)

Build all of the current targets or a subset of targets.

Parameters

- **targets** (*str or list of str*) – targets to build. If targets is None, all current targets will be build. Default is None
- **pymake_object** (*Pymake()*) – Pymake object created outside of build_apps
- **download_dir** (*str*) – download directory path
- **appdir** (*str*) – target path
- **release_precision** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only the release precision version should be build. If release_precision is False, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the standard_switch and double_switch in usgsprograms.txt is True. default is True.
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path
- **clean** (*bool*) – boolean determining if final download should be removed

Returns

returncode – integer value indicating successful completion (0) or failure (>0)

Return type

int

4.3 pymake.pymake_base module

Main pymake function, `pymake.main()`, that is called when pymake is run from the command line. `pymake.main()` can also be called directly from a script in combination with `pymake.parser()`.

```
import pymake
args = pymake.parser()
pymake.main(
    args.srcdir,
    args.target,
    fc=args.fc,
    cc=args.cc,
    makeclean=args.makeclean,
    expedite=args.expedite,
    dryrun=args.dryrun,
    double=args.double,
    debug=args.debug,
    include_subdirs=args.subdirs,
    fflags=args.fflags,
    cflags=args.cflags,
    arch=args.arch,
    syslibs=args.syslibs,
    makefile=args.makefile,
    srcdir2=args.commonsrc,
    extrafiles=args.extrafiles,
    excludefiles=args.excludefiles,
    sharedobject=args.sharedobject,
    appdir=args.appdir,
    verbose=args.verbose,
    inplace=args.inplace,
)
```

The script could be run from the command line using:

```
python myscript.py ../src myapp -fc=ifort -cc=icc
```

get_temporary_directories(*appdir=None, target=None*)

Get paths to temporary object, module, and source files

Parameters

- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable
- **target** (*str*) – target name to be appended to the temporary directories. Default is None

Returns

- **obj_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary object files
- **mod_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary module files
- **src_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary source files

main(*srcdir=None, target=None, fc='gfortran', cc='gcc', makeclean=True, expedite=False, dryrun=False, double=False, debug=False, include_subdirs=False, fflags=None, cflags=None, syslibs=None, arch='intel64', makefile=False, makefiledir='.', srcdir2=None, extrafiles=None, excludefiles=None, sharedobject=False, appdir=None, verbose=False, inplace=False, networkx=False, meson=False, mesondir='.')*)

Main pymake function.

Parameters

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for directory containing source files
- **target** (*str*) – executable name or path for executable to create
- **fc** (*str*) – fortran compiler
- **cc** (*str*) – c or cpp compiler
- **makeclean** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if intermediate files should be cleaned up after successful build
- **expedite** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only out of date source files will be compiled. Clean must not have been used on previous build.
- **dryrun** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if source files should be compiled. Files will be deleted, if makeclean is True.
- **double** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a compiler switch will be used to create an executable with double precision real variables.
- **debug** (*bool*) – boolean indicating is a debug executable will be built
- **include_subdirs** (*bool*) – boolean indicating source files in srcdir subdirectories should be included in the build
- **fflags** (*list*) – user provided list of fortran compiler flags
- **cflags** (*list*) – user provided list of c or cpp compiler flags
- **syslibs** (*list*) – user provided syslibs
- **arch** (*str*) – Architecture to use for Intel Compilers on Windows (default is intel64)
- **makefile** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if a GNU make makefile should be created
- **makefiledir** (*str*) – GNU make makefile path
- **srcdir2** (*str*) – additional directory with common source files.
- **extrafiles** (*str*) – path for extrafiles file that contains paths to additional source files to include
- **excludefiles** (*str*) – path for excludefiles file that contains filename of source files to exclude from the build
- **sharedobject** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a shared object will be built
- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **inplace** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the source files in srcdir, srcdir2, and defined in extrafiles will be used directly. If inplace is False, source files will be copied to a directory named srcdir_temp. (default is False)
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)

- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path

Returns**returncode** – return code**Return type**

int

4.4 pymake.pymake_parser module

Parser used to process command line arguments when running pymake directly from the command line or in a script. The standard argparse module is used to parse command line arguments. Available command line arguments are programmatically developed by a protected dictionary. The parser can be accessed using:

```
import pymake
args = pymake.parser()
```

parser (*examples=None*)

Construct the parser and return argument values.

Parameters**examples** (*str*) –**Returns****args** – Namespace with command line arguments**Return type**

Namespace object

4.5 pymake.plot package

4.5.1 Submodules

pymake.plot.dependency_graphs module

Dependency graphs for applications can be created using:

```
import os
import pymake

srcpth = os.path.join(".", "src")
deppth = "dependencies"
if not os.path.exists(deppth):
    os.makedirs(deppth)

pymake.visualize.make_plots(srcpth, deppth, include_subdir=True)
```

make_plots (*srcdir, outdir, include_subdir=False, level=3, extension='.png', verbose=False, networkx=False*)

Create plots of module dependencies.

Parameters

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for source files

- **outdir** (*str*) – path for output images
- **include_subdir** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if subdirectories in the source file directory should be included
- **level** (*int*) – dependency level (1 is the minimum)
- **extension** (*str*) – output extension (default is .png)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)

to_pydot(*dag*, *filename*='mygraph.png')

Create a png file of a Directed Acyclic Graph

Parameters

- **dag** (*object*) – directed acyclic graph
- **filename** (*str*) – path of the graph png

4.5.2 Module contents

Functions to plot source code dependencies determined using a directed acyclic graph (DAG). pydotplus is used to plot the DAG.

4.6 pymake.autotest package

4.6.1 Submodules

pymake.autotest.autotest module

A typical example of using the autotest functionality for MODFLOW-2005 and comparing the MODFLOW-2005 results to MODFLOW-2000 results is:

```
import pymake

# Setup
testpth = "../test/mytest"
nam1 = "model1.nam"
pymake.setup(nam1, testpth)

# run test models
success, buff = flopy.run_model(
    "mf2005", nam1, model_ws=testpth, silent=True
)
if success:
    testpth_reg = os.path.join(testpth, "mf2000")
    nam2 = "model2.name"
    pymake.setup(nam2, testpth_reg)
    success_reg, buff = flopy.run_model(
```

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```

        "mf2000", nam2, model_ws=testpth_reg, silent=True
    )

# compare results
if success and success_reg:
    fpth = os.path.split(os.path.join(testpth, nam1))[0]
    outfile1 = os.path.join(fpth, "bud.cmp")
    fpth = os.path.split(os.path.join(testpth, nam2))[0]
    outfile2 = os.path.join(fpth, "hds.cmp")
    success_reg = pymake.compare(
        os.path.join(testpth, nam1),
        os.path.join(testpth_reg, nam2),
        max_cumpd=0.01,
        max_incpd=0.01,
        htol=0.001,
        outfile1=outfile1,
        outfile2=outfile2,
    )

# Clean things up
if success_reg:
    pymake.teardown(testpth)

```

Note: autotest functionality will likely be removed from pymake in the future to a dedicated GitHub repository.

compare(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *precision*='auto', *max_cumpd*=0.01, *max_incpd*=0.01, *htol*=0.001, *outfile1*=None, *outfile2*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None)

Compare the budget and head results for two MODFLOW-based model simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed head difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile1** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If outfile1 is None, no budget comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **outfile2** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If outfile2 is None, no head comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the budget and head differences are less than `max_cumpd`, `max_incpd`, and `htol`.

Return type

bool

compare_budget(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *max_cumpd*=0.01, *max_incpd*=0.01, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None)

Compare the budget results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **outfile** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If `outfile` is `None`, no comparison output is saved. (default is `None`)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If `files1` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files1` and `namefile1` will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If `files2` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files2` and `namefile2` will not be used. (default is `None`)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the difference between budgets are less than `max_cumpd` and `max_incpd`

Return type

bool

compare_concs(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *precision*='auto', *ctol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *difftol*=False, *verbose*=False)

Compare the mt3dms and mt3dusgs concentration results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **ctol** (*float*) – maximum allowed concentration difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – concentration comparison output file name. If `outfile` is `None`, no comparison output is saved. (default is `None`)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If `files1` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files1` and `namefile1` will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If `files2` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files2` and `namefile2` will not be used. (default is `None`)

- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the concentration difference greater than *ctol* should be evaluated (default is *False*)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is *False*)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the concentration differences are less than *ctol*.

Return type

bool

compare_heads(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *precision*='auto', *text*='head', *text2*=None, *htol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *diff_tol*=False, *verbose*=False, *exfile*=None, *exarr*=None, *maxerr*=None)

Compare the head results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed head difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If *outfile* is *None*, no comparison output is saved. (default is *None*)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If *files1* is not *None*, results will be extracted from *files1* and *namefile1* will not be used. (default is *None*)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If *files2* is not *None*, results will be extracted from *files2* and *namefile2* will not be used. (default is *None*)
- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the head difference greater than *htol* should be evaluated (default is *False*)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is *False*)
- **exfile** (*str*) – path to a file with exclusion array data. Head differences will not be evaluated where exclusion array values are greater than zero. (default is *None*)
- **exarr** (*numpy.ndarray*) – exclusion array. Head differences will not be evaluated where exclusion array values are greater than zero. (default is *None*).
- **maxerr** (*int*) – maximum number of head difference greater than *htol* that should be reported. If *maxerr* is *None*, all head difference greater than *htol* will be reported. (default is *None*)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the head differences are less than *htol*.

Return type

bool

compare_stages(*namefile1*=None, *namefile2*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *htol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *diff_tol*=False, *verbose*=False)

Compare SWR process stage results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed stage difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If outfile is None, no comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)
- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the stage difference greater than htol should be evaluated (default is False)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is False)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the stage differences are less than htol.

Return type

bool

compare_swrbudget(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *max_cumpd*=0.01, *max_incpd*=0.01, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None)

Compare the SWR budget results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **outfile** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If outfile is None, no comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the difference between budgets are less than max_cumpd and max_incpd

Return type

bool

get_entries_from_namefile(*namefile*, *f_type*=None, *unit*=None, *extension*=None)

Get entries from a namefile. Can select using FTYPE, UNIT, or file extension.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW-based model name file
- **ftype** (*str*) – package type
- **unit** (*int*) – file unit number
- **extension** (*str*) – file extension

Returns

entries – list of tuples containing FTYPE, UNIT, FNAME, STATUS for each namefile entry that meets a user-specified value.

Return type

list of tuples

get_input_files(*namefile*)

Return a list of all the input files in this model.

Parameters

namefile (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW-based model name file

Returns

filelist – list of MODFLOW-based model input files

Return type

list

get_mf6_blockdata(*f*, *blockstr*)

Return list with all non comments between start and end of block specified by *blockstr*.

Parameters

- **f** (*file object*) – open file object
- **blockstr** (*str*) – name of block to search

Returns

data – list of data in specified block

Return type

list

get_mf6_comparison(*src*)

Determine comparison type for MODFLOW 6 simulation.

Parameters

src (*str*) – directory path to search for comparison types

Returns

action – comparison type

Return type

str

get_mf6_files(*mfnamefile*)

Return a list of all the MODFLOW 6 input and output files in this model.

Parameters

mfnamefile (*str*) – path to the MODFLOW 6 simulation name file

Returns

- **filelist** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 input files in a simulation

- **outlist** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 output files in a simulation

get_mf6_ftypes(*namefile, ftypekeys*)

Return a list of FTYPES that are in the name file and in ftypekeys.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW 6 name file
- **ftypekeys** (*list*) – list of desired FTYPES

Returns

ftypes – list of FTYPES that match ftypekeys in namefile

Return type

list

get_mf6_mshape(*disfile*)

Return the shape of the MODFLOW 6 model.

Parameters

disfile (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW 6 discretization file

Returns

mshape – tuple with the shape of the MODFLOW 6 model.

Return type

tuple

get_mf6_nper(*tdisfile*)

Return the number of stress periods in the MODFLOW 6 model.

Parameters

tdisfile (*str*) – path to the TDIS file

Returns

nper – number of stress periods in the simulation

Return type

int

get_namefiles(*pth, exclude=None*)

Search through a path (pth) for all .nam files.

Parameters

- **pth** (*str*) – path to model files
- **exclude** (*str or list*) – File or list of files to exclude from the search (default is None)

Returns

namefiles – List of namefiles with paths

Return type

list

get_sim_name(*namefiles, rootpth=None*)

Get simulation name.

Parameters

- **namefiles** (*str or list of strings*) – path(s) to MODFLOW-based model name files
- **rootpth** (*str*) – optional root directory path (default is None)

Returns

simname – list of namefiles without the file extension

Return type

list

setup(*namefile*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*, *extrafiles=None*)

Setup MODFLOW-based model files for autotests.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – MODFLOW-based model name file.
- **dst** (*str*) – destination path for comparison model or file(s)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if an existing comparison model or file(s) should be replaced (default is True)
- **extrafiles** (*str or list of str*) – list of extra files to include in the comparison

setup_comparison(*namefile*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*)

Setup a comparison model or comparison file(s) for a MODFLOW-based model.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – MODFLOW-based model name file.
- **dst** (*str*) – destination path for comparison model or file(s)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if an existing comparison model or file(s) should be replaced (default is True)

setup_mf6(*src*, *dst*, *mfnamefile='mfsim.nam'*, *extrafiles=None*, *remove_existing=True*)

Copy all of the MODFLOW 6 input files from the *src* directory to the *dst* directory.

Parameters

- **src** (*src*) – directory path with original MODFLOW 6 input files
- **dst** (*str*) – directory path that original MODFLOW 6 input files will be copied to
- **mfnamefile** (*str*) – optional MODFLOW 6 simulation name file (default is mfsim.nam)
- **extrafiles** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if extra files should be included (default is None)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if existing file in *dst* should be removed (default is True)

Returns

- **mf6inp** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 input files
- **mf6outp** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 output files

setup_mf6_comparison(*src*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*)

Setup comparison for MODFLOW 6 simulation.

Parameters

- **src** (*src*) – directory path with original MODFLOW 6 input files
- **dst** (*str*) – directory path that original MODFLOW 6 input files will be copied to
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if existing file in *dst* should be removed (default is True)

Returns

action – comparison type

Return type

str

teardown(*src*)

Teardown a autotest directory.

Parameters

src (*str*) – autotest directory to teardown

4.6.2 Module contents

Autotest functionality for MODFLOW-based models. Includes functionality for copying existing model and comparison files, comparing results, and tearing down test and comparison models.

4.7 pymake.utils package

4.7.1 Submodules

pymake.utils.download module

Utility functions to:

1. download and unzip software releases from the USGS and other organizations (triangle, MT3DMS).
2. download the latest MODFLOW-based applications and utilities for MacOS, Linux, and Windows from <https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>
3. determine the latest version (GitHub tag) of a GitHub repository and a dictionary containing the file name and the link to a asset on contained in a github repository
4. compress all files in a list, files in a list of directories

download_and_unzip(*url*, *pth*='.', *delete_zip*=True, *verify*=True, *timeout*=30, *max_requests*=10, *chunk_size*=2048000, *verbose*=False)

Download and unzip a zip file from a url.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – url address for the zip file
- **pth** (*str*) – path where the zip file will be saved (default is the current path)
- **delete_zip** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the zip file should be deleted after it is unzipped (default is True)
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified
- **timeout** (*int*) – url request time out length (default is 30 seconds)
- **max_requests** (*int*) – number of url download request attempts (default is 10)
- **chunk_size** (*int*) – maximum url download request chunk size (default is 2048000 bytes)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal

get_repo_assets(*github_repo=None, version=None, error_return=False, verify=True*)

Return a dictionary containing the file name and the link to the asset contained in a github repository.

Parameters

- **github_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If *github_repo* is *None* set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'
- **version** (*str*) – github repository release tag
- **error_return** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if *None* will be returned if there are GitHub API issues
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

Returns

result_dict – dictionary of file names and links

Return type

dict

getmfexes(*pth='.', version=None, platform=None, exes=None, verbose=False, verify=True*)

Get the latest MODFLOW binary executables from a github site (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.

Parameters

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)
- **version** (*str*) – Version of the MODFLOW-USGS/executables release to use. If *version* is *None* the github repo will be queried for the version number.
- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If *platform* is *None*, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

getmfnightly(*pth='.', platform=None, exes=None, verbose=False, verify=True*)

Get the latest MODFLOW 6 binary nightly-build executables from github (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6-nightly-build/>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.

Parameters

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)
- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If *platform* is *None*, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

class `pymakeZipFile`(*file*, *mode*='r', *compression*=0, *allowZip64*=True, *compresslevel*=None)

Bases: ZipFile

ZipFile file attributes are not being preserved. This class preserves file attributes as described on StackOverflow at <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/39296101/python-zipfile-removes-execute-permissions-from-binaries>

static `compressall`(*path*, *file_pths*=None, *dir_pths*=None, *patterns*=None)

Compress selected files or files in selected directories.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – output zip file path
- **file_pths** (*str* or *list of str*) – file paths to include in the output zip file (default is None)
- **dir_pths** (*str* or *list of str*) – directory paths to include in the output zip file (default is None)
- **patterns** (*str* or *list of str*) – file patterns to include in the output zip file (default is None)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the output zip file was created

Return type

bool

extract(*member*, *path*=None, *pwd*=None)

Parameters

- **member** (*str*) – individual file to extract. If member does not exist, all files are extracted.
- **path** (*str*) – directory path to extract file in a zip file (default is None, which results in files being extracted in the current directory)
- **pwd** (*str*) – zip file password (default is None)

Returns

ret_val – return value indicating status of file extraction

Return type

int

extractall(*path*=None, *members*=None, *pwd*=None)

Extract all files in the zipfile.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – directory path to extract files in a zip file (default is None, which results in files being extracted in the current directory)
- **members** (*str*) – individual files to extract (default is None, which extracts all members)
- **pwd** (*str*) – zip file password (default is None)

repo_latest_version(*github_repo*=None, *verify*=True)

Return a string of the latest version number (tag) contained in a github repository release.

Parameters

github_repo (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If `github_repo` is None set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'

Returns

version – string with the latest version/tag number

Return type

str

zip_all(*path*, *file_pths=None*, *dir_pths=None*, *patterns=None*)

Compress all files in the user-provided list of file paths and directory paths that match the provided file patterns.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path of the zip file that will be created
- **file_pths** (*str or list*) – file path or list of file paths to be compressed
- **dir_pths** (*str or list*) – directory path or list of directory paths to search for files that will be compressed
- **patterns** (*str or list*) – file pattern or list of file patterns to match to when creating a list of files that will be compressed

pymake.utils.usgsprograms module

Utility functions to extract information for a target from the USGS application database. Available functionality includes:

1. Get a list of available targets
2. Get data for a specific target
3. Get a dictionary with the data for all targets
4. Get the current version of a target
5. Get a list indicating if single and double precision versions of the target application should be built
6. Functions to load, update, and export a USGS-style “code.json” json file containing information in the USGS application database

A table listing the available pymake targets is included below:

Table 1: Available pymake targets

target	version	current	url	dirname	srcdir	standard_switch	double_switch	shared_object
mf6	6.4.1	True	https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.1/mf6.4.1_linux.zip	mf6.4.1_linux	src	True	False	False
zbud6	6.4.1	True	https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.1/mf6.4.1_linux.zip	mf6.4.1_linux	src/zonebudget	True	False	False
libmf6	6.4.1	True	https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.1/mf6.4.1_linux.zip	mf6.4.1_linux	src/bmi	True	False	True
mp7	7.2.001	True	https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MODPATH/modpath_7_2_001.zip	mod-path_7_2_001	source	True	False	False
mt3dms	5.3.0	True	https://hydro.geo.ua.edu/mt3d/mt3dms_530.exe	mt3dms5.3.0	src/true-binary	True	False	False
mt3dusgs	1.1.0	True	https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MT3D-USGS/mt3dusgs1.1.0.zip	mt3dusgs1.1.0	src	True	False	False
vs2dt	3.3	True	https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/V2DI/vs2dt3_3.zip	vs2dt3_3	include	True	False	False
triangle	1.6	True	https://www.netlib.org/voronoi/triangle.zip	triangle1.6	src	True	False	False
gridgen	1.0.02	True	https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/GRIDGEN/gridgen.1.0.02.zip	grid-gen.1.0.02	src	True	False	False
crt	1.3.1	True	https://water.usgs.gov/ogw/CRT/CRT_1.3.1.zip	CRT_1.3.1	SOURCE	True	False	False
sutra	3.0	True	https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/sutra/SUTRA_3_0_0.zip	Sutra-Suite	SUTRA_3_0/source	True	False	False
30							Chapter 4.	API-docs
mf2000	1.19.01	True	https://water.usgs.gov/nrp/gwsoftware/	mf2k.1_19	src	True	False	False

class dotdict

Bases: dict

dot.notation access to dictionary attributes.

class usgs_program_data

Bases: object

USGS program database class.

static export_json(*fpth*='code.json', *prog_data*=None, *current*=False, *update*=True, *write_markdown*=False, *verbose*=False)

Export USGS program data as a json file.

Parameters

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”
- **prog_data** (*dict*) – User-specified program database. If *prog_data* is None, it will be created from the USGS program database
- **current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.
- **update** (*bool*) – If True, existing targets in the user-specified program database with values in the USGS program database. If False, existing targets in the user-specified program database will not be updated. Default is True.
- **write_markdown** (*bool*) – If True, write markdown file that includes the target name, version, and the last-modified date of the download asset (url). Default is False.
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean for verbose output to terminal

static get_keys(*current*=False)

Get target keys from the USGS program database.

Parameters

current (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

Returns

keys – list of USGS program targets

Return type

list

static get_precision(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

Parameters

key (*str*) – Target USGS program

Returns

precision – List

Return type

list

static get_program_dict()

Get the complete USGS program database.

Returns

program_dict – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for all targets

Return type

dict

static get_target(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

Parameters**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program that may have a path and an extension**Returns****program_dict** – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for the specified key**Return type**

dict

static get_version(*key*)

Get the current version of the specified target.

Parameters**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program**Returns****version** – current version of the specified target**Return type**

str

static list_json(*fpth*='code.json')

List an existing code json file.

Parameters**fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”**static list_targets(*current*=False)**

Print a list of the available USGS program targets.

Parameters**current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.**static load_json(*fpth*='code.json')**

Load an existing code json file. Basic error checking is done to make sure the file contains the correct keys.

Parameters**fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”**Returns****json_dict** – Valid USGS program database**Return type**

dict

static update_json(*fpth*='code.json', *temp_dict*=None)

UPDATE an existing code json file.

Parameters

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”
- **temp_dict** (*dict*) – Dictionary with USGS program data for a target

4.7.2 Module contents

Utility functions to 1) download and uncompress software releases containing source code or executables, 2) zip files, 3) query a USGS software and utility program database for information on current software releases.

4.8 pymake package

4.8.1 Subpackages

pymake.cmds package

Submodules

pymake.cmds.build module

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

main() → None

Command line interface

Return type

None

pymake.cmds.createjson module

Create pymake code.json file.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

main() → None

Command line interface

Return type

None

pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli module

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

main() → None

mfpymake command line interface

Return type

None

Module contents

4.8.2 Submodules

pymake.config module

4.8.3 Module contents

pymake is a python package for compiling MODFLOW-based and other Fortran, C, and C++ programs. The package determines the build order using a directed acyclic graph and then compiles the source files using GNU compilers (gcc, g++, gfortran) or Intel compilers (ifort, icc).

class Pymake(*name='pymake', verbose=None*)

Bases: object

Pymake class for interacting with pymake functionality. This is essentially a wrapper for all of the pymake functions needed to download and build a target.

argv_reset_settings(*args*)

Reset settings using command line arguments

Parameters

args (*Namespace object*) – reset self.variables using command line arguments

build(*target=None, srcdir=None, modify_exe_name=False*)

Build the target

Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target is used. (default is None)
- **srcdir** (*str*) – path to directory with source files. (default is None)
- **modify_exe_name** (*bool*) – boolean that determines if the target name can be modified to include precision (dbl) and debugging (d) indicators.

compress_targets()

Compress targets in build_targets list.

download_setup(*target, url=None, download_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup download

Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset
- **download_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

download_target(*target, url=None, download_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup and download url

Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset

- **download_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

Returns

success – boolean flag indicating download success

Return type

bool

download_url()

Download files from the url

Returns

success – boolean flag indicating download success

Return type

bool

finalize()

Finalize Pymake class

reset(target)

Reset PyMake object variables for a target

Parameters

target (*str*) – target name

set_build_target_bool(target=None)

Evaluate if the executable exists and if so and the command line argument `-keep` is specified then the executable is not built.

Parameters

target (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target will be used. (default is None)

Returns

build – boolean indicating if the executable should be built

Return type

bool

update_build_targets()

Add target to build_targets list if it is not in the list

update_target(target, modify_target=False)

Update target name with executable extension on Windows and based on pymake settings.

Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **modify_target** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the target name can be modified based on pymake double and debug settings (default is False)

Returns

target – updated target name

Return type

str

build_apps(*targets=None, pymake_object=None, download_dir=None, appdir=None, verbose=None, release_precision=True, meson=False, mesondir='.', clean=True*)

Build all of the current targets or a subset of targets.

Parameters

- **targets** (*str* or *list of str*) – targets to build. If targets is None, all current targets will be build. Default is None
- **pymake_object** (*Pymake()*) – Pymake object created outside of build_apps
- **download_dir** (*str*) – download directory path
- **appdir** (*str*) – target path
- **release_precision** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only the release precision version should be build. If release_precision is False, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the standard_switch and double_switch in usgsprograms.txt is True. default is True.
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path
- **clean** (*bool*) – boolean determining of final download should be removed

Returns

returncode – integer value indicating successful completion (0) or failure (>0)

Return type

int

compare(*namefile1, namefile2, precision='auto', max_cumpd=0.01, max_incpd=0.01, htol=0.001, outfile1=None, outfile2=None, files1=None, files2=None*)

Compare the budget and head results for two MODFLOW-based model simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed head difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile1** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If outfile1 is None, no budget comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **outfile2** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If outfile2 is None, no head comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the budget and head differences are less than `max_cumpd`, `max_incpd`, and `htol`.

Return type

bool

compare_budget(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *max_cumpd*=0.01, *max_incpd*=0.01, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None)

Compare the budget results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **outfile** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If `outfile` is `None`, no comparison output is saved. (default is `None`)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If `files1` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files1` and `namefile1` will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If `files2` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files2` and `namefile2` will not be used. (default is `None`)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the difference between budgets are less than `max_cumpd` and `max_incpd`

Return type

bool

compare_concs(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *precision*='auto', *ctol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *difftol*=False, *verbose*=False)

Compare the mt3dms and mt3dusgs concentration results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **ctol** (*float*) – maximum allowed concentration difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – concentration comparison output file name. If `outfile` is `None`, no comparison output is saved. (default is `None`)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If `files1` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files1` and `namefile1` will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If `files2` is not `None`, results will be extracted from `files2` and `namefile2` will not be used. (default is `None`)

- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the concentration difference greater than *ctol* should be evaluated (default is `False`)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is `False`)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the concentration differences are less than *ctol*.

Return type

`bool`

compare_heads(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *precision*='auto', *text*='head', *text2*=None, *htol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *diff_tol*=False, *verbose*=False, *exfile*=None, *exarr*=None, *maxerr*=None)

Compare the head results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed head difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If *outfile* is `None`, no comparison output is saved. (default is `None`)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If *files1* is not `None`, results will be extracted from *files1* and *namefile1* will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If *files2* is not `None`, results will be extracted from *files2* and *namefile2* will not be used. (default is `None`)
- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the head difference greater than *htol* should be evaluated (default is `False`)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is `False`)
- **exfile** (*str*) – path to a file with exclusion array data. Head differences will not be evaluated where exclusion array values are greater than zero. (default is `None`)
- **exarr** (*numpy.ndarray*) – exclusion array. Head differences will not be evaluated where exclusion array values are greater than zero. (default is `None`).
- **maxerr** (*int*) – maximum number of head difference greater than *htol* that should be reported. If *maxerr* is `None`, all head difference greater than *htol* will be reported. (default is `None`)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the head differences are less than *htol*.

Return type

`bool`

compare_stages(*namefile1*=None, *namefile2*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None, *htol*=0.001, *outfile*=None, *diff_tol*=False, *verbose*=False)

Compare SWR process stage results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **precision** (*str*) – precision for binary head file (“auto”, “single”, or “double”) default is “auto”
- **htol** (*float*) – maximum allowed stage difference (default is 0.001)
- **outfile** (*str*) – head comparison output file name. If outfile is None, no comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)
- **diff_tol** (*bool*) – boolean determining if the absolute value of the stage difference greater than htol should be evaluated (default is False)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if verbose output should be written to the terminal (default is False)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the stage differences are less than htol.

Return type

bool

compare_swrbudget(*namefile1*, *namefile2*, *max_cumpd*=0.01, *max_incpd*=0.01, *outfile*=None, *files1*=None, *files2*=None)

Compare the SWR budget results from two simulations.

Parameters

- **namefile1** (*str*) – namefile path for base model
- **namefile2** (*str*) – namefile path for comparison model
- **max_cumpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for cumulative budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **max_incpd** (*float*) – maximum percent discrepancy allowed for incremental budget terms (default is 0.01)
- **outfile** (*str*) – budget comparison output file name. If outfile is None, no comparison output is saved. (default is None)
- **files1** (*str*) – base model output file. If files1 is not None, results will be extracted from files1 and namefile1 will not be used. (default is None)
- **files2** (*str*) – comparison model output file. If files2 is not None, results will be extracted from files2 and namefile2 will not be used. (default is None)

Returns

success – boolean indicating if the difference between budgets are less than max_cumpd and max_incpd

Return type

bool

download_and_unzip(*url*, *pth*='.', *delete_zip*=True, *verify*=True, *timeout*=30, *max_requests*=10, *chunk_size*=2048000, *verbose*=False)

Download and unzip a zip file from a url.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – url address for the zip file
- **pth** (*str*) – path where the zip file will be saved (default is the current path)
- **delete_zip** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the zip file should be deleted after it is unzipped (default is True)
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified
- **timeout** (*int*) – url request time out length (default is 30 seconds)
- **max_requests** (*int*) – number of url download request attempts (default is 10)
- **chunk_size** (*int*) – maximum url download request chunk size (default is 2048000 bytes)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal

get_entries_from_namefile(*namefile*, *ftype*=None, *unit*=None, *extension*=None)

Get entries from a namefile. Can select using FTYPE, UNIT, or file extension.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW-based model name file
- **ftype** (*str*) – package type
- **unit** (*int*) – file unit number
- **extension** (*str*) – file extension

Returns

entries – list of tuples containing FTYPE, UNIT, FNAME, STATUS for each namefile entry that meets a user-specified value.

Return type

list of tuples

get_input_files(*namefile*)

Return a list of all the input files in this model.

Parameters

namefile (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW-based model name file

Returns

filelist – list of MODFLOW-based model input files

Return type

list

get_mf6_blockdata(*f*, *blockstr*)

Return list with all non comments between start and end of block specified by blockstr.

Parameters

- **f** (*file object*) – open file object
- **blockstr** (*str*) – name of block to search

Returns

data – list of data in specified block

Return type

list

get_mf6_comparison(*src*)

Determine comparison type for MODFLOW 6 simulation.

Parameters

src (*str*) – directory path to search for comparison types

Returns

action – comparison type

Return type

str

get_mf6_files(*mfnamefile*)

Return a list of all the MODFLOW 6 input and output files in this model.

Parameters

mfnamefile (*str*) – path to the MODFLOW 6 simulation name file

Returns

- **filelist** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 input files in a simulation
- **outplist** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 output files in a simulation

get_mf6_ftypes(*namefile*, *ftypekeys*)

Return a list of FTYPES that are in the name file and in ftypekeys.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW 6 name file
- **ftypekeys** (*list*) – list of desired FTYPES

Returns

ftypes – list of FTYPES that match ftypekeys in namefile

Return type

list

get_mf6_mshape(*disfile*)

Return the shape of the MODFLOW 6 model.

Parameters

disfile (*str*) – path to a MODFLOW 6 discretization file

Returns

mshape – tuple with the shape of the MODFLOW 6 model.

Return type

tuple

get_mf6_nper(*tdisfile*)

Return the number of stress periods in the MODFLOW 6 model.

Parameters

tdisfile (*str*) – path to the TDIS file

Returns

nper – number of stress periods in the simulation

Return type

int

get_namefiles(*pth*, *exclude=None*)Search through a path (*pth*) for all .nam files.**Parameters**

- **pth** (*str*) – path to model files
- **exclude** (*str or lst*) – File or list of files to exclude from the search (default is None)

Returns**namefiles** – List of namefiles with paths**Return type**

lst

get_repo_assets(*github_repo=None*, *version=None*, *error_return=False*, *verify=True*)

Return a dictionary containing the file name and the link to the asset contained in a github repository.

Parameters

- **github_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If *github_repo* is None set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'
- **version** (*str*) – github repository release tag
- **error_return** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if None will be returned if there are GitHub API issues
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

Returns**result_dict** – dictionary of file names and links**Return type**

dict

get_sim_name(*namefiles*, *rootpth=None*)

Get simulation name.

Parameters

- **namefiles** (*str or list of strings*) – path(s) to MODFLOW-based model name files
- **rootpth** (*str*) – optional root directory path (default is None)

Returns**simname** – list of namefiles without the file extension**Return type**

list

getmfexes(*pth='.'*, *version=None*, *platform=None*, *exes=None*, *verbose=False*, *verify=True*)Get the latest MODFLOW binary executables from a github site (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.**Parameters**

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)
- **version** (*str*) – Version of the MODFLOW-USGS/executables release to use. If version is None the github repo will be queried for the version number.

- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If platform is None, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

main(*srcdir=None, target=None, fc='gfortran', cc='gcc', makeclean=True, expedite=False, dryrun=False, double=False, debug=False, include_subdirs=False, fflags=None, cflags=None, syslibs=None, arch='intel64', makefile=False, makefiledir='.', srcdir2=None, extrafiles=None, excludefiles=None, sharedobject=False, appdir=None, verbose=False, inplace=False, networkx=False, meson=False, mesondir='.')*

Main pymake function.

Parameters

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for directory containing source files
- **target** (*str*) – executable name or path for executable to create
- **fc** (*str*) – fortran compiler
- **cc** (*str*) – c or cpp compiler
- **makeclean** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if intermediate files should be cleaned up after successful build
- **expedite** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only out of date source files will be compiled. Clean must not have been used on previous build.
- **dryrun** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if source files should be compiled. Files will be deleted, if makeclean is True.
- **double** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a compiler switch will be used to create an executable with double precision real variables.
- **debug** (*bool*) – boolean indicating is a debug executable will be built
- **include_subdirs** (*bool*) – boolean indicating source files in srcdir subdirectories should be included in the build
- **fflags** (*list*) – user provided list of fortran compiler flags
- **cflags** (*list*) – user provided list of c or cpp compiler flags
- **syslibs** (*list*) – user provided syslibs
- **arch** (*str*) – Architecture to use for Intel Compilers on Windows (default is intel64)
- **makefile** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if a GNU make makefile should be created
- **makefiledir** (*str*) – GNU make makefile path
- **srcdir2** (*str*) – additional directory with common source files.
- **extrafiles** (*str*) – path for extrafiles file that contains paths to additional source files to include
- **excludefiles** (*str*) – path for excludefiles file that contains filename of source files to exclude from the build
- **sharedobject** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a shared object will be built
- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable

- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **inplace** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the source files in `srcdir`, `srcdir2`, and defined in `extrafiles` will be used directly. If `inplace` is `False`, source files will be copied to a directory named `srcdir_temp`. (default is `False`)
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in `pymake`. (default is `False`)
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is `False`)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path

Returns

returncode – return code

Return type

`int`

make_plots(*srcdir*, *outdir*, *include_subdir=False*, *level=3*, *extension='.png'*, *verbose=False*, *networkx=False*)

Create plots of module dependencies.

Parameters

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for source files
- **outdir** (*str*) – path for output images
- **include_subdir** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if subdirectories in the source file directory should be included
- **level** (*int*) – dependency level (1 is the minimum)
- **extension** (*str*) – output extension (default is `.png`)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in `pymake`. (default is `False`)

parser(*examples=None*)

Construct the parser and return argument values.

Parameters

examples (*str*) –

Returns

args – Namespace with command line arguments

Return type

Namespace object

repo_latest_version(*github_repo=None*, *verify=True*)

Return a string of the latest version number (tag) contained in a github repository release.

Parameters

github_repo (*str*) – Repository name, such as `MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6`. If `github_repo` is `None` set to `'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'`

Returns

version – string with the latest version/tag number

Return type

str

setup(*namefile*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*, *extrafiles=None*)

Setup MODFLOW-based model files for autotests.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – MODFLOW-based model name file.
- **dst** (*str*) – destination path for comparison model or file(s)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if an existing comparison model or file(s) should be replaced (default is True)
- **extrafiles** (*str or list of str*) – list of extra files to include in the comparison

setup_comparison(*namefile*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*)

Setup a comparison model or comparison file(s) for a MODFLOW-based model.

Parameters

- **namefile** (*str*) – MODFLOW-based model name file.
- **dst** (*str*) – destination path for comparison model or file(s)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if an existing comparison model or file(s) should be replaced (default is True)

setup_mf6(*src*, *dst*, *mfnamefile='mfsim.nam'*, *extrafiles=None*, *remove_existing=True*)

Copy all of the MODFLOW 6 input files from the *src* directory to the *dst* directory.

Parameters

- **src** (*src*) – directory path with original MODFLOW 6 input files
- **dst** (*str*) – directory path that original MODFLOW 6 input files will be copied to
- **mfnamefile** (*str*) – optional MODFLOW 6 simulation name file (default is mfsim.nam)
- **extrafiles** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if extra files should be included (default is None)
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if existing file in *dst* should be removed (default is True)

Returns

- **mf6inp** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 input files
- **mf6outp** (*list*) – list of MODFLOW 6 output files

setup_mf6_comparison(*src*, *dst*, *remove_existing=True*)

Setup comparison for MODFLOW 6 simulation.

Parameters

- **src** (*src*) – directory path with original MODFLOW 6 input files
- **dst** (*str*) – directory path that original MODFLOW 6 input files will be copied to
- **remove_existing** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if existing file in *dst* should be removed (default is True)

Returns

action – comparison type

Return type

str

teardown(*src*)

Teardown a autotest directory.

Parameters

src (*str*) – autotest directory to teardown

to_pydot(*dag*, *filename*='mygraph.png')

Create a png file of a Directed Acyclic Graph

Parameters

- **dag** (*object*) – directed acyclic graph
- **filename** (*str*) – path of the graph png

class usgs_program_data

Bases: object

USGS program database class.

static export_json(*fpth*='code.json', *prog_data*=None, *current*=False, *update*=True, *write_markdown*=False, *verbose*=False)

Export USGS program data as a json file.

Parameters

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”
- **prog_data** (*dict*) – User-specified program database. If *prog_data* is None, it will be created from the USGS program database
- **current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.
- **update** (*bool*) – If True, existing targets in the user-specified program database with values in the USGS program database. If False, existing targets in the user-specified program database will not be updated. Default is True.
- **write_markdown** (*bool*) – If True, write markdown file that includes the target name, version, and the last-modified date of the download asset (url). Default is False.
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean for verbose output to terminal

static get_keys(*current*=False)

Get target keys from the USGS program database.

Parameters

current (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

Returns

keys – list of USGS program targets

Return type

list

static get_precision(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

Parameters

key (*str*) – Target USGS program

Returns

precision – List

Return type

list

static get_program_dict()

Get the complete USGS program database.

Returns

program_dict – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for all targets

Return type

dict

static get_target(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

Parameters

key (*str*) – Target USGS program that may have a path and an extension

Returns

program_dict – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for the specified key

Return type

dict

static get_version(*key*)

Get the current version of the specified target.

Parameters

key (*str*) – Target USGS program

Returns

version – current version of the specified target

Return type

str

static list_json(*fpth*='code.json')

List an existing code json file.

Parameters

fpth (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”

static list_targets(*current*=False)

Print a list of the available USGS program targets.

Parameters

current (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

static load_json(*fpth*='code.json')

Load an existing code json file. Basic error checking is done to make sure the file contains the correct keys.

Parameters

fpth (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”

Returns

json_dict – Valid USGS program database

Return type

dict

static update_json(*fpth='code.json', temp_dict=None*)

UPDATE an existing code json file.

Parameters

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”
- **temp_dict** (*dict*) – Dictionary with USGS program data for a target

zip_all(*path, file_pths=None, dir_pths=None, patterns=None*)

Compress all files in the user-provided list of file paths and directory paths that match the provided file patterns.

Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – path of the zip file that will be created
- **file_pths** (*str or list*) – file path or list of file paths to be compressed
- **dir_pths** (*str or list*) – directory path or list of directory paths to search for files that will be compressed
- **patterns** (*str or list*) – file pattern or list of file patterns to match to when creating a list of files that will be compressed

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