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# **pymake**

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# CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>Getting Started</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Command Line Usage . . . . .	3
1.2	From Python . . . . .	6
1.3	Notes . . . . .	6
<b>2</b>	<b>pymake Installation</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Building Applications</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>API-docs</b>	<b>11</b>
4.1	pymake.pymake module . . . . .	11
4.2	pymake.pymake_build_apps module . . . . .	14
4.3	pymake.pymake_base module . . . . .	15
4.4	pymake.pymake_parser module . . . . .	17
4.5	pymake.plot package . . . . .	17
4.6	pymake.utils package . . . . .	18
4.7	pymake package . . . . .	25
<b>5</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>35</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>37</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>39</b>



This is a python package for compiling MODFLOW-based and other Fortran, C, and C++ programs. The package determines the build order using a directed acyclic graph and then compiles the source files using GNU compilers (`gcc`, `g++`, `gfortran`) or Intel compilers (`ifort`, `icc`).

pymake can be run from the command line or it can be called from within python. By default, pymake sets the optimization level, Fortran flags, C/C++ flags, and linker flags that are consistent with those used to compile MODFLOW-based programs released by the USGS.

pymake includes example scripts for building MODFLOW 6, MODFLOW-2005, MODFLOW-NWT, MODFLOW-USG, MODFLOW-LGR, MODFLOW-2000, MODPATH 6, MODPATH 7, GSFLOW, VS2DT, MT3DMS, MT3D-USGS, SEAWAT, and SUTRA. Example scripts for creating the utility programs CRT, Triangle, and GRIDGEN are also included. The scripts download the distribution file from the USGS (and other organizations) and compile the source into a binary executable.

The main documentation for the site is organized into the following sections:



## GETTING STARTED

Pymake can be used directly from the command line and within a python script. Examples of both use cases are given below.

### 1.1 Command Line Usage

When pymake is installed, a `mfpymake` (or `mfpymake.exe` for Windows) program is installed. `mfpymake` can be used to compile MODFLOW 6 in the `bin/` subdirectory directly from the command line using the Intel Fortran compiler from a subdirectory at the same level as the `src` subdirectory by specifying:

```
mfpymake src/ mf6 -mc --subdirs -fc ifort --appdir bin
```

MODFLOW 6 would be To see help for running from command line, use the following statement.

```
mfpymake -h
```

The help message identifies required positional arguments and optional arguments that can be provided to override default values.

```
usage: mfpymake [-h] [-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}]
               [-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}]
               [-ar {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}] [-mc] [-dbl] [-dbg]
               [-e] [-dr] [-sd] [-ff FFLAGS] [-cf CFLAGS]
               [-sl {-lc,-lm}] [-mf] [-md] [-cs COMMONSRC]
               [-ef EXTRAFILES] [-exf EXCLUDEFILES] [-so]
               [-ad APPDIR] [-v] [--keep] [--zip ZIP] [--inplace]
               [--networkx] [--mb] [-mbd]
               srcdir target
```

This is the pymake program for compiling fortran, c, and c++ source files, such as the source files that come with MODFLOW. The program works by building a directed acyclic graph of the module dependencies and then compiling the source files in the proper order.

positional arguments:

<code>srcdir</code>	Path source directory.
<code>target</code>	Name of target to create. (can include path)

optional arguments:

<code>-h, --help</code>	show this help message and exit
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```

-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}
    Fortran compiler to use. (default is
    gfortran)
-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}
    C/C++ compiler to use. (default is gcc)
-ar {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}, --arch {ia32,ia32_intel64,intel64}
    Architecture to use for Intel and Microsoft
    compilers on Windows. (default is intel64)
-mc, --makeclean
    Clean temporary object, module, and source
    files when done. (default is False)
-dbl, --double
    Force double precision. (default is False)
-dbg, --debug
    Create debug version. (default is False)
-e, --expedite
    Only compile out of date source files. Clean
    must not have been used on previous build.
    (default is False)
-dr, --dryrun
    Do not actually compile. Files will be
    deleted, if --makeclean is used. Does not
    work yet for ifort. (default is False)
-sd, --subdirs
    Include source files in srcdir
    subdirectories. (default is None)
-ff FFLAGS, --fflags FFLAGS
    Additional Fortran compiler flags. Fortran
    compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes
    and start with a blank space or separated
    from the name (-ff or --fflags) with a equal
    sign (-ff='-O3'). (default is None)
-cf CFLAGS, --cflags CFLAGS
    Additional C/C++ compiler flags. C/C++
    compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes
    and start with a blank space or separated
    from the name (-cf or --cflags) with a equal
    sign (-cf='-O3'). (default is None)
-sl {-lc,-lm}, --syslibs {-lc,-lm}
    Linker system libraries. Linker libraries
    should be enclosed in quotes and start with a
    blank space or separated from the name (-sl
    or --syslibs) with a equal sign
    (-sl='-libgcc'). (default is None)
-mf, --makefile
    Create a GNU make makefile. (default is
    False)
-md, --makefile-dir
    GNU make makefile directory. (default is '.')
-cs COMMONSRC, --commonsrc COMMONSRC
    Additional directory with common source
    files. (default is None)
-ef EXTRAFILES, --extrafiles EXTRAFILES
    List of extra source files to include in the
    compilation. extrafiles can be either a list
    of files or the name of a text file that
    contains a list of files. (default is None)
-exf EXCLUDEFILES, --excludefiles EXCLUDEFILES
    List of extra source files to exclude from
    the compilation. excludefiles can be either a

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```

list of files or the name of a text file that
contains a list of files. (default is None)
-so, --sharedobject Create shared object or dll on Windows.
                      (default is False)
-ad APPDIR, --appdir APPDIR
                      Target path that overrides path defined target
                      path (default is None)
-v, --verbose Verbose output to terminal. (default is
              False)
--keep Keep existing executable. (default is False)
--zip ZIP Zip built executable. (default is False)
--inplace Source files in srcdir are used directly.
          (default is False)
--networkx Use networkx package to build Directed
          Acyclic Graph use to determine the order
          source files are compiled in. (default is
          False)
--mb, --meson-build Use meson to build executable. (default is
                   False)
-mbd, --mesonbuild-dir
                   meson directory. (default is '.')

```

Note that the source directory should not contain any bad or duplicate source files as all source files in the source directory, the common source file directory (srcdir2), and the extra files (extrafiles) will be built and linked. Files can be excluded by using the `excludefiles` command line switch.

#### Examples:

Compile MODFLOW 6 from the root directory containing the source files in subdirectories in the `src/` subdirectory:

```
$ mfpymake src/ mf6 --subdirs
```

Compile MODFLOW 6 in the `bin` subdirectory using the Intel Fortran compiler from the root directory containing the source files in subdirectories in the `src/` subdirectory:

```
$ mfpymake src/ mf6 --subdirs -fc ifort --appdir bin
```

Note that command line arguments for Fortran flags, C/C++ flags, and syslib libraries should be enclosed in quotes and start with a space prior to the first value (`-ff ' -03'`) or use an equal sign separating the command line argument and the values (`-ff='-03'`). The command line argument to use an `-03` optimization level when compiling MODFLOW 6 in the `bin/` subdirectory with the Intel Fortran compiler would be:

```
mfpymake ../src/ mf6 -mc --subdirs -fc ifort -ff='-03' --appdir bin
```

## 1.2 From Python

### 1.2.1 Script to compile MODFLOW 6

When using the pymake object (Pymake()) only the positional arguments (srcdir, target) need to be specified in the script.

```
import pymake

pm = pymake.Pymake()
pm.srcdir = '../src'
pm.target = 'mf6'
pm.include_subdirs = True
pm.build()
```

It is suggested that optional variables required for successful compiling and linking be manually specified in the script to minimize the potential for unsuccessful builds. For MODFLOW 6, subdirectories in the src subdirectory need to be included and 'pm.include\_subdirs = True' has been specified in the script. Custom optimization levels and compiler flags could be specified to get consistent builds.

Non-default values for the optional arguments can be specified as command line arguments. For example, MODFLOW 6 could be compiled using Intel compilers instead of the default GNU compilers with the script listed above by specifying:

```
python mymf6script.py -fc ifort -cc icc
```

## 1.3 Notes

If gfortran is used to compile MODFLOW-based codes, the openspec.f and FILESPEC.inc (MT3DMS) files will automatically be changed to the following so that binary files are created properly using standard Fortran:

```
c -- created by pymake.py
CHARACTER*20 ACCESS,FORM,ACTION(2)
DATA ACCESS/'STREAM'/
DATA FORM/'UNFORMATTED'/
DATA (ACTION(I),I=1,2)/'READ','READWRITE'/
c -- end of include file
```

Use of STREAM access does not delete an existing unformatted file before opening it for writing. As a result, data from previous runs may exist in the file if the model is run for a shorter period of time. This does not apply to MODFLOW 6 simulations.

## PYMAKE INSTALLATION

To install a stable version from PyPI:

```
pip install mfpymake
```

To install pymake directly from the git repository type:

```
pip install https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake/zipball/master
```

To update your version of pymake with the latest from the git repository type:

```
pip install https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake/zipball/master --upgrade
```



## BUILDING APPLICATIONS

When pymake is installed, a `make-program` (or `make-program.exe` for Windows) program is installed, which is usually installed to a directory in the `PATH` (depending on the Python setup). From a console a list of command line arguments and options can be determined by executing:

```
$ make-program --help
usage: make-program [-h] [--release_precision]
                  [-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}]
                  [-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icx,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}]
                  [-dr] [-ff FFLAGS] [-cf CFLAGS] [-ad APPDIR] [-v] [--keep]
                  [--zip ZIP]
                  targets
```

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

positional arguments:

targets	Program(s) to build. Options: crt, gridgen, gsflow, libmf6, mf2000, mf2005, mf6, mflgr, mfnwt, mfusg, mp6, mp7, mt3dms, mt3dusgs, prms, sutra, swtv4, triangle, vs2dt, zbud6, zonbud3, zonbudusg, :. Specifying the target to be ':' will build all of the programs.
---------	--

optional arguments:

-h, --help	show this help message and exit
--release_precision	If release_precision is False, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the standard_switch and double_switch in usgsprograms.txt is True. default is True.
-fc {ifort,mpiifort,gfortran,ftn,none}	Fortran compiler to use. (default is gfortran)
-cc {gcc,clang,clang++,icc,icx,icl,mpiicc,g++,cl,none}	C/C++ compiler to use. (default is gcc)
-dr, --dryrun	Do not actually compile. Files will be deleted, if --makeclean is used. Does not work yet for ifort. (default is False)
-ff FFLAGS, --fflags FFLAGS	Additional Fortran compiler flags. Fortran compiler flags should be enclosed in quotes and start with a blank space or separated from the name (-ff or --fflags) with a equal sign (-ff='-O3'). (default is

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```

None)
-cf CFLAGS, --cflags CFLAGS
    Additional C/C++ compiler flags. C/C++ compiler flags
    should be enclosed in quotes and start with a blank
    space or separated from the name (-cf or --cflags)
    with a equal sign (-cf='-O3'). (default is None)
-ad APPDIR, --appdir APPDIR
    Target path that overrides path defined target path
    (default is None)
-v, --verbose
    Verbose output to terminal. (default is False)
--keep
    Keep existing executable. (default is False)
--zip ZIP
    Zip built executable. (default is False)

```

**Examples:**

Download and compile MODFLOW 6 in the current directory:

```
$ make-program mf6
```

Download and compile triangle in the ./temp subdirectory:

```
$ make-program triangle --appdir temp
```

Download and compile all programs in the ./temp subdirectory:

```
$ make-program : --appdir temp
```

`make-program` can be used to build MODFLOW 6, MODFLOW-2005, MODFLOW-NWT, MODFLOW-USG, MODFLOW-LGR, MODFLOW-2000, MODPATH 6, MODPATH 7, GSFLOW, VS2DT, MT3DMS, MT3D-USGS, SEAWAT, GSFLOW, PRMS, and SUTRA. Utility programs CRT, Triangle, and GRIDGEN can also be built. `make-program` downloads the distribution file from the USGS (requires internet connection), unzips the distribution file, sets the pymake settings required to build the program, and compiles the source files to build the program. MT3DMS will be downloaded from the University of Alabama and Triangle will be downloaded from [netlib.org](http://netlib.org). Optional command line arguments can be used to customize the build (`-fc`, `-cc`, `--fflags`, etc.). For example, MODFLOW 6 could be built using intel compilers and an O3 optimization level by specifying:

```
make-program mf6 -fc=ifort --fflags='-O3'
```

## API-DOCS

This section contains the Documentation of the Application Programming Interface (API) of pymake. The information in this section is automatically created from the documentation strings in original Python code. In the left-hand menu you will find the different categories of the API documentation.

## 4.1 pymake.pymake module

Pymake() class to make a binary executable for a FORTRAN, C, or C++ program, such as MODFLOW 6.

An example of how to build MODFLOW-2005 from source files in the official release downloaded from the USGS using Intel compilers is:

```
import pymake

# create an instance of the Pymake object
pm = pymake.Pymake(verbose=True)

# reset select pymake settings
pm.target = "mf2005"
pm.appdir = "../bin"
pm.fc = "ifort"
pm.cc = "icc"
pm.fflags = "-O3 -fbacktrace"
pm.cflags = "-O3"

# download the target
pm.download_target(pm.target, download_path="temp")

# build the target
pm.build()

# clean up downloaded files
pm.finalize()
```

All other settings not specified in the script would be based on command line arguments or default values. The same Pymake() object could be used to compile MODFLOW 6 by appending the following code to the previous code block:

```
# reset the target
pm.target = "mf6"
```

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```
# download the target
pm.download_target(pm.target, download_path="temp")

# build the target
pm.build()

# clean up downloaded files
pm.finalize()
```

The Intel compilers and fortran flags defined previously would be used when MODFLOW 6 was built.

**class Pymake**(*name='pymake', verbose=None*)

Bases: object

Pymake class for interacting with pymake functionality. This is essentially a wrapper for all of the pymake functions needed to download and build a target.

**argv\_reset\_settings**(*args*)

Reset settings using command line arguments

**Parameters**

**args** (*Namespace object*) – reset self.variables using command line arguments

**build**(*target=None, srcdir=None, modify\_exe\_name=False*)

Build the target

**Parameters**

- **target** (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target is used. (default is None)
- **srcdir** (*str*) – path to directory with source files. (default is None)
- **modify\_exe\_name** (*bool*) – boolean that determines if the target name can be modified to include precision (dbl) and debugging (d) indicators.

**compress\_targets**()

Compress targets in build\_targets list.

**download\_setup**(*target, url=None, download\_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup download

**Parameters**

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset
- **download\_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

**download\_target**(*target, url=None, download\_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup and download url

**Parameters**

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset



- **download\_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

**Returns**

**success** – boolean flag indicating download success

**Return type**

bool

**download\_url()**

Download files from the url

**Returns**

**success** – boolean flag indicating download success

**Return type**

bool

**finalize()**

Finalize Pymake class

**reset(target)**

Reset PyMake object variables for a target

**Parameters**

**target** (*str*) – target name

**set\_build\_target\_bool(target=None)**

Evaluate if the executable exists and if so and the command line argument `--keep` is specified then the executable is not built.

**Parameters**

**target** (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target will be used. (default is None)

**Returns**

**build** – boolean indicating if the executable should be built

**Return type**

bool

**update\_build\_targets()**

Add target to build\_targets list if it is not in the list

**update\_target(target, modify\_target=False)**

Update target name with executable extension on Windows and based on pymake settings.

**Parameters**

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **modify\_target** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the target name can be modified based on pymake double and debug settings (default is False)

**Returns**

**target** – updated target name

**Return type**

str

## 4.2 pymake.pymake\_build\_apps module

Function to build MODFLOW-based models and other utility software based on targets defined in the usgsprograms database (usgsprograms.txt). The usgsprograms database can be queried using functions in the usgsprograms module. An example of using `pymake.build_apps()` to build MODFLOW 6 is:

```
import pymake
pymake.build_apps(["mf6"],)
```

which will download the latest MODFLOW 6 software release, compile the code, and delete the downloaded files after successfully building the application. Multiple applications can be built by adding additional targets to the tuple in `pymake.build_apps()`. For example, MODFLOW 6 and MODFLOW-2005 could be built by specifying:

```
import pymake
pymake.build_apps(["mf6", "mf2005"])
```

Applications are built in the order they are listed in the list. All valid USGS applications are built if no list is passed to `pymake.build_apps()`.

**build\_apps**(*targets=None, pymake\_object=None, download\_dir=None, appdir=None, verbose=None, release\_precision=True, meson=False, mesondir='.', clean=True*)

Build all of the current targets or a subset of targets.

### Parameters

- **targets** (*str or list of str*) – targets to build. If targets is None, all current targets will be build. Default is None
- **pymake\_object** (*Pymake()*) – Pymake object created outside of build\_apps
- **download\_dir** (*str*) – download directory path
- **appdir** (*str*) – target path
- **release\_precision** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only the release precision version should be build. If release\_precision is False, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the standard\_switch and double\_switch in usgsprograms.txt is True. default is True.
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path
- **clean** (*bool*) – boolean determining if final download should be removed

### Returns

**returncode** – integer value indicating successful completion (0) or failure (>0)

### Return type

int

## 4.3 pymake.pymake\_base module

Main pymake function, `pymake.main()`, that is called when pymake is run from the command line. `pymake.main()` can also be called directly from a script in combination with `pymake.parser()`.

```
import pymake
args = pymake.parser()
pymake.main(
    args.srcdir,
    args.target,
    fc=args.fc,
    cc=args.cc,
    makeclean=args.makeclean,
    expedite=args.expedite,
    dryrun=args.dryrun,
    double=args.double,
    debug=args.debug,
    include_subdirs=args.subdirs,
    fflags=args.fflags,
    cflags=args.cflags,
    arch=args.arch,
    syslibs=args.syslibs,
    makefile=args.makefile,
    srcdir2=args.commonsrc,
    extrafiles=args.extrafiles,
    excludefiles=args.excludefiles,
    sharedobject=args.sharedobject,
    appdir=args.appdir,
    verbose=args.verbose,
    inplace=args.inplace,
)
```

The script could be run from the command line using:

```
python myscript.py ../src myapp -fc=ifort -cc=icc
```

**get\_temporary\_directories**(*appdir=None, target=None*)

Get paths to temporary object, module, and source files

### Parameters

- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable
- **target** (*str*) – target name to be appended to the temporary directories. Default is None

### Returns

- **obj\_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary object files
- **mod\_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary module files
- **src\_temp** (*str*) – path to temporary source files

**main**(*srcdir=None, target=None, fc='gfortran', cc='gcc', makeclean=True, expedite=False, dryrun=False, double=False, debug=False, include\_subdirs=False, fflags=None, cflags=None, syslibs=None, arch='intel64', makefile=False, makefiledir='.', srcdir2=None, extrafiles=None, excludefiles=None, sharedobject=False, appdir=None, verbose=False, inplace=False, networkx=False, meson=False, mesondir='.')*)

Main pymake function.

#### Parameters

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for directory containing source files
- **target** (*str*) – executable name or path for executable to create
- **fc** (*str*) – fortran compiler
- **cc** (*str*) – c or cpp compiler
- **makeclean** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if intermediate files should be cleaned up after successful build
- **expedite** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only out of date source files will be compiled. Clean must not have been used on previous build.
- **dryrun** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if source files should be compiled. Files will be deleted, if makeclean is True.
- **double** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a compiler switch will be used to create an executable with double precision real variables.
- **debug** (*bool*) – boolean indicating is a debug executable will be built
- **include\_subdirs** (*bool*) – boolean indicating source files in srcdir subdirectories should be included in the build
- **fflags** (*list*) – user provided list of fortran compiler flags
- **cflags** (*list*) – user provided list of c or cpp compiler flags
- **syslibs** (*list*) – user provided syslibs
- **arch** (*str*) – Architecture to use for Intel Compilers on Windows (default is intel64)
- **makefile** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if a GNU make makefile should be created
- **makefiledir** (*str*) – GNU make makefile path
- **srcdir2** (*str*) – additional directory with common source files.
- **extrafiles** (*str*) – path for extrafiles file that contains paths to additional source files to include
- **excludefiles** (*str*) – path for excludefiles file that contains filename of source files to exclude from the build
- **sharedobject** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a shared object will be built
- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **inplace** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the source files in srcdir, srcdir2, and defined in extrafiles will be used directly. If inplace is False, source files will be copied to a directory named srcdir\_temp. (default is False)
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)

- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path

**Returns**

**returncode** – return code

**Return type**

int

## 4.4 pymake.pymake\_parser module

Parser used to process command line arguments when running pymake directly from the command line or in a script. The standard argparse module is used to parse command line arguments. Available command line arguments are programmatically developed by a protected dictionary. The parser can be accessed using:

```
import pymake
args = pymake.parser()
```

**parser** (*examples=None*)

Construct the parser and return argument values.

**Parameters**

**examples** (*str*) –

**Returns**

**args** – Namespace with command line arguments

**Return type**

Namespace object

## 4.5 pymake.plot package

### 4.5.1 Submodules

#### pymake.plot.dependency\_graphs module

Dependency graphs for applications can be created using:

```
import os
import pymake

srcpth = os.path.join(".", "src")
deppth = "dependencies"
if not os.path.exists(deppth):
    os.makedirs(deppth)

pymake.visualize.make_plots(srcpth, deppth, include_subdir=True)
```

**make\_plots** (*srcdir, outdir, include\_subdir=False, level=3, extension='.png', verbose=False, networkx=False*)

Create plots of module dependencies.

**Parameters**

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for source files

- **outdir** (*str*) – path for output images
- **include\_subdir** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if subdirectories in the source file directory should be included
- **level** (*int*) – dependency level (1 is the minimum)
- **extension** (*str*) – output extension (default is .png)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)

**to\_pydot**(*dag*, *filename*='mygraph.png')

Create a png file of a Directed Acyclic Graph

#### Parameters

- **dag** (*object*) – directed acyclic graph
- **filename** (*str*) – path of the graph png

## 4.5.2 Module contents

Functions to plot source code dependencies determined using a directed acyclic graph (DAG). pydotplus is used to plot the DAG.

## 4.6 pymake.utils package

### 4.6.1 Submodules

#### pymake.utils.download module

Utility functions to:

1. download and unzip software releases from the USGS and other organizations (triangle, MT3DMS).
2. download the latest MODFLOW-based applications and utilities for MacOS, Linux, and Windows from <https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>
3. determine the latest version (GitHub tag) of a GitHub repository and a dictionary containing the file name and the link to a asset on contained in a github repository
4. compress all files in a list, files in a list of directories

**download\_and\_unzip**(*url*, *pth*='.', *delete\_zip*=True, *verify*=True, *timeout*=30, *max\_requests*=10, *chunk\_size*=2048000, *verbose*=False)

Download and unzip a zip file from a url.

#### Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – url address for the zip file
- **pth** (*str*) – path where the zip file will be saved (default is the current path)

- **delete\_zip** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the zip file should be deleted after it is unzipped (default is True)
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified
- **timeout** (*int*) – url request time out length (default is 30 seconds)
- **max\_requests** (*int*) – number of url download request attempts (default is 10)
- **chunk\_size** (*int*) – maximum url download request chunk size (default is 2048000 bytes)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal

**get\_repo\_assets**(*github\_repo=None, version=None, error\_return=False, verify=True*)

Return a dictionary containing the file name and the link to the asset contained in a github repository.

#### Parameters

- **github\_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If github\_repo is None set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'
- **version** (*str*) – github repository release tag
- **error\_return** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if None will be returned if there are GitHub API issues
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

#### Returns

**result\_dict** – dictionary of file names and links

#### Return type

dict

**getmfexes**(*pth='.', version=None, platform=None, exes=None, verbose=False, verify=True*)

Get the latest MODFLOW binary executables from a github site (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.

#### Parameters

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)
- **version** (*str*) – Version of the MODFLOW-USGS/executables release to use. If version is None the github repo will be queried for the version number.
- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If platform is None, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

**getmfnightly**(*pth='.', platform=None, exes=None, verbose=False, verify=True*)

Get the latest MODFLOW 6 binary nightly-build executables from github (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6-nightly-build/>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.

#### Parameters

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)

- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If platform is None, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

**class** `pymakeZipFile`(*file, mode='r', compression=0, allowZip64=True, compresslevel=None*)

Bases: `ZipFile`

ZipFile file attributes are not being preserved. This class preserves file attributes as described on StackOverflow at <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/39296101/python-zipfile-removes-execute-permissions-from-binaries>

**static** `compressall`(*path, file\_pths=None, dir\_pths=None, patterns=None*)

Compress selected files or files in selected directories.

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – output zip file path
- **file\_pths** (*str or list of str*) – file paths to include in the output zip file (default is None)
- **dir\_pths** (*str or list of str*) – directory paths to include in the output zip file (default is None)
- **patterns** (*str or list of str*) – file patterns to include in the output zip file (default is None)

#### Returns

**success** – boolean indicating if the output zip file was created

#### Return type

bool

**extract**(*member, path=None, pwd=None*)

#### Parameters

- **member** (*str*) – individual file to extract. If member does not exist, all files are extracted.
- **path** (*str*) – directory path to extract file in a zip file (default is None, which results in files being extracted in the current directory)
- **pwd** (*str*) – zip file password (default is None)

#### Returns

**ret\_val** – return value indicating status of file extraction

#### Return type

int

**extractall**(*path=None, members=None, pwd=None*)

Extract all files in the zipfile.

#### Parameters

- **path** (*str*) – directory path to extract files in a zip file (default is None, which results in files being extracted in the current directory)
- **members** (*str*) – individual files to extract (default is None, which extracts all members)



- **pwd** (*str*) – zip file password (default is None)

**repo\_latest\_version**(*github\_repo=None, verify=True*)

Return a string of the latest version number (tag) contained in a github repository release.

**Parameters**

**github\_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If github\_repo is None set to ‘MODFLOW-USGS/executables’

**Returns**

**version** – string with the latest version/tag number

**Return type**

str

**zip\_all**(*path, file\_pths=None, dir\_pths=None, patterns=None*)

Compress all files in the user-provided list of file paths and directory paths that match the provided file patterns.

**Parameters**

- **path** (*str*) – path of the zip file that will be created
- **file\_pths** (*str or list*) – file path or list of file paths to be compressed
- **dir\_pths** (*str or list*) – directory path or list of directory paths to search for files that will be compressed
- **patterns** (*str or list*) – file pattern or list of file patterns to match to when creating a list of files that will be compressed

## pymake.utils.usgsprograms module

Utility functions to extract information for a target from the USGS application database. Available functionality includes:

1. Get a list of available targets
2. Get data for a specific target
3. Get a dictionary with the data for all targets
4. Get the current version of a target
5. Get a list indicating if single and double precision versions of the target application should be built
6. Functions to load, update, and export a USGS-style “code.json” json file containing information in the USGS application database

A table listing the available pymake targets is included below:

Table 1: Available pymake targets

target	version	current	url	dirname	srcdir	standard_switch	double_switch	shared_object
mf6	6.4.2	True	<a href="https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip">https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip</a>	mf6.4.2_linux	src	True	False	False
zbud6	6.4.2	True	<a href="https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip">https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip</a>	mf6.4.2_linux	src/zonebudget	True	False	False
libmf6	6.4.2	True	<a href="https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip">https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6/releases/download/6.4.2/mf6.4.2_linux.zip</a>	mf6.4.2_linux	src/bmi	True	False	True
mp7	7.2.001	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MODPATH/modpath_7_2_001.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MODPATH/modpath_7_2_001.zip</a>	mod-path_7_2_001	source	True	False	False
mt3dms	5.3.0	True	<a href="https://hydro.geo.ua.edu/mt3d/mt3dms_530.exe">https://hydro.geo.ua.edu/mt3d/mt3dms_530.exe</a>	mt3dms5.3.0	src/true-binary	True	False	False
mt3dusgs	1.1.0	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MT3D-USGS/mt3dusgs1.1.0.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/MT3D-USGS/mt3dusgs1.1.0.zip</a>	mt3dusgs1.1.0	src	True	False	False
vs2dt	3.3	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/VS2DI/vs2dt3_3.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/VS2DI/vs2dt3_3.zip</a>	vs2dt3_3	include	True	False	False
triangle	1.6	True	<a href="https://www.netlib.org/voronoi/triangle.zip">https://www.netlib.org/voronoi/triangle.zip</a>	triangle1.6	src	True	False	False
gridgen	1.0.02	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/GRIDGEN/gridgen.1.0.02.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/GRIDGEN/gridgen.1.0.02.zip</a>	grid-gen.1.0.02	src	True	False	False
crt	1.3.1	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/ogw/CRT/CRT_1.3.1.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/ogw/CRT/CRT_1.3.1.zip</a>	CRT_1.3.1	SOURCE	True	False	False
sutra	3.0	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/sutra/SUTRA_3_0_0.zip">https://water.usgs.gov/water-resources/software/sutra/SUTRA_3_0_0.zip</a>	Sutra-Suite	SUTRA_3_0/source	True	False	False
<b>22</b>						<b>Chapter 4. API-docs</b>		
mf2000	1.19.01	True	<a href="https://water.usgs.gov/nrp/gwsoftware/">https://water.usgs.gov/nrp/gwsoftware/</a>	mf2k.1_19	src	True	False	False

**class dotdict**

Bases: dict

dot.notation access to dictionary attributes.

**class usgs\_program\_data**

Bases: object

USGS program database class.

**static export\_json**(*fpth*='code.json', *prog\_data*=None, *current*=False, *update*=True, *write\_markdown*=False, *verbose*=False)

Export USGS program data as a json file.

**Parameters**

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”
- **prog\_data** (*dict*) – User-specified program database. If *prog\_data* is None, it will be created from the USGS program database
- **current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.
- **update** (*bool*) – If True, existing targets in the user-specified program database with values in the USGS program database. If False, existing targets in the user-specified program database will not be updated. Default is True.
- **write\_markdown** (*bool*) – If True, write markdown file that includes the target name, version, and the last-modified date of the download asset (url). Default is False.
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean for verbose output to terminal

**static get\_keys**(*current*=False)

Get target keys from the USGS program database.

**Parameters**

**current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

**Returns**

**keys** – list of USGS program targets

**Return type**

list

**static get\_precision**(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

**Parameters**

**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program

**Returns**

**precision** – List

**Return type**

list

**static get\_program\_dict**()

Get the complete USGS program database.

**Returns**

**program\_dict** – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for all targets

**Return type**

dict

**static get\_target(*key*)**

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

**Parameters****key** (*str*) – Target USGS program that may have a path and an extension**Returns****program\_dict** – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for the specified key**Return type**

dict

**static get\_version(*key*)**

Get the current version of the specified target.

**Parameters****key** (*str*) – Target USGS program**Returns****version** – current version of the specified target**Return type**

str

**static list\_json(*fpth*='code.json')**

List an existing code json file.

**Parameters****fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”**static list\_targets(*current*=False)**

Print a list of the available USGS program targets.

**Parameters****current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.**static load\_json(*fpth*='code.json')**

Load an existing code json file. Basic error checking is done to make sure the file contains the correct keys.

**Parameters****fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”**Returns****json\_dict** – Valid USGS program database**Return type**

dict

**static update\_json(*fpth*='code.json', *temp\_dict*=None)**

UPDATE an existing code json file.

**Parameters**

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”
- **temp\_dict** (*dict*) – Dictionary with USGS program data for a target

## 4.6.2 Module contents

Utility functions to 1) download and uncompress software releases containing source code or executables, 2) zip files, 3) query a USGS software and utility program database for information on current software releases.

## 4.7 pymake package

### 4.7.1 Subpackages

#### pymake.cmds package

##### Submodules

#### pymake.cmds.build module

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

**main()** → None

Command line interface

##### Return type

None

#### pymake.cmds.createjson module

Create pymake code.json file.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

**main()** → None

Command line interface

##### Return type

None

#### pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli module

Download and build USGS MODFLOW and related programs.

This script originates from pymake: <https://github.com/modflowpy/pymake> It requires Python 3.6 or later, and has no dependencies.

**main()** → None

mfpymake command line interface

##### Return type

None

## Module contents

### 4.7.2 Submodules

#### pymake.config module

### 4.7.3 Module contents

pymake is a python package for compiling MODFLOW-based and other Fortran, C, and C++ programs. The package determines the build order using a directed acyclic graph and then compiles the source files using GNU compilers (gcc, g++, gfortran) or Intel compilers (ifort, icc).

**class Pymake**(*name='pymake', verbose=None*)

Bases: object

Pymake class for interacting with pymake functionality. This is essentially a wrapper for all of the pymake functions needed to download and build a target.

**argv\_reset\_settings**(*args*)

Reset settings using command line arguments

#### Parameters

**args** (*Namespace object*) – reset self.variables using command line arguments

**build**(*target=None, srcdir=None, modify\_exe\_name=False*)

Build the target

#### Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target is used. (default is None)
- **srcdir** (*str*) – path to directory with source files. (default is None)
- **modify\_exe\_name** (*bool*) – boolean that determines if the target name can be modified to include precision (dbl) and debugging (d) indicators.

**compress\_targets**()

Compress targets in build\_targets list.

**download\_setup**(*target, url=None, download\_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup download

#### Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset
- **download\_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

**download\_target**(*target, url=None, download\_path='.', verify=True, timeout=30*)

Setup and download url

#### Parameters

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **url** (*str*) – url of asset

- **download\_path** (*str*) – path where the asset will be saved
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean defining ssl verification
- **timeout** (*int*) – download timeout in seconds (default is 30)

**Returns**

**success** – boolean flag indicating download success

**Return type**

bool

**download\_url()**

Download files from the url

**Returns**

**success** – boolean flag indicating download success

**Return type**

bool

**finalize()**

Finalize Pymake class

**reset(target)**

Reset PyMake object variables for a target

**Parameters**

**target** (*str*) – target name

**set\_build\_target\_bool(target=None)**

Evaluate if the executable exists and if so and the command line argument `--keep` is specified then the executable is not built.

**Parameters**

**target** (*str*) – target name. If target is None self.target will be used. (default is None)

**Returns**

**build** – boolean indicating if the executable should be built

**Return type**

bool

**update\_build\_targets()**

Add target to build\_targets list if it is not in the list

**update\_target(target, modify\_target=False)**

Update target name with executable extension on Windows and based on pymake settings.

**Parameters**

- **target** (*str*) – target name
- **modify\_target** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the target name can be modified based on pymake double and debug settings (default is False)

**Returns**

**target** – updated target name

**Return type**

str

**build\_apps**(*targets=None, pymake\_object=None, download\_dir=None, appdir=None, verbose=None, release\_precision=True, meson=False, mesondir='.', clean=True*)

Build all of the current targets or a subset of targets.

#### Parameters

- **targets** (*str* or *list of str*) – targets to build. If targets is None, all current targets will be build. Default is None
- **pymake\_object** (*Pymake()*) – Pymake object created outside of build\_apps
- **download\_dir** (*str*) – download directory path
- **appdir** (*str*) – target path
- **release\_precision** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only the release precision version should be build. If release\_precision is False, then the release precision version will be compiled along with a double precision version of the program for programs where the standard\_switch and double\_switch in usgsprograms.txt is True. default is True.
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path
- **clean** (*bool*) – boolean determining if final download should be removed

#### Returns

**returncode** – integer value indicating successful completion (0) or failure (>0)

#### Return type

int

**download\_and\_unzip**(*url, pth='.', delete\_zip=True, verify=True, timeout=30, max\_requests=10, chunk\_size=2048000, verbose=False*)

Download and unzip a zip file from a url.

#### Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – url address for the zip file
- **pth** (*str*) – path where the zip file will be saved (default is the current path)
- **delete\_zip** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the zip file should be deleted after it is unzipped (default is True)
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified
- **timeout** (*int*) – url request time out length (default is 30 seconds)
- **max\_requests** (*int*) – number of url download request attempts (default is 10)
- **chunk\_size** (*int*) – maximum url download request chunk size (default is 2048000 bytes)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal

**get\_repo\_assets**(*github\_repo=None, version=None, error\_return=False, verify=True*)

Return a dictionary containing the file name and the link to the asset contained in a github repository.

#### Parameters

- **github\_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If github\_repo is None set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'
- **version** (*str*) – github repository release tag



- **error\_return** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if None will be returned if there are GitHub API issues
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

**Returns**

**result\_dict** – dictionary of file names and links

**Return type**

dict

**getmfexes**(*pth='.', version=None, platform=None, exes=None, verbose=False, verify=True*)

Get the latest MODFLOW binary executables from a github site (<https://github.com/MODFLOW-USGS/executables>) for the specified operating system and put them in the specified path.

**Parameters**

- **pth** (*str*) – Location to put the executables (default is current working directory)
- **version** (*str*) – Version of the MODFLOW-USGS/executables release to use. If version is None the github repo will be queried for the version number.
- **platform** (*str*) – Platform that will run the executables. Valid values include mac, linux, win32 and win64. If platform is None, then routine will download the latest asset from the github repository.
- **exes** (*str or list of strings*) – executable or list of executables to retain
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **verify** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if the url request should be verified

**main**(*srcdir=None, target=None, fc='gfortran', cc='gcc', makeclean=True, expedite=False, dryrun=False, double=False, debug=False, include\_subdirs=False, fflags=None, cflags=None, syslibs=None, arch='intel64', makefile=False, makefiledir='.', srcdir2=None, extrafiles=None, excludefiles=None, sharedobject=False, appdir=None, verbose=False, inplace=False, networkx=False, meson=False, mesondir='.')*

Main pymake function.

**Parameters**

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for directory containing source files
- **target** (*str*) – executable name or path for executable to create
- **fc** (*str*) – fortran compiler
- **cc** (*str*) – c or cpp compiler
- **makeclean** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if intermediate files should be cleaned up after successful build
- **expedite** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if only out of date source files will be compiled. Clean must not have been used on previous build.
- **dryrun** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if source files should be compiled. Files will be deleted, if makeclean is True.
- **double** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a compiler switch will be used to create an executable with double precision real variables.
- **debug** (*bool*) – boolean indicating is a debug executable will be built
- **include\_subdirs** (*bool*) – boolean indicating source files in srcdir subdirectories should be included in the build

- **fflags** (*list*) – user provided list of fortran compiler flags
- **cflags** (*list*) – user provided list of c or cpp compiler flags
- **syslibs** (*list*) – user provided syslibs
- **arch** (*str*) – Architecture to use for Intel Compilers on Windows (default is intel64)
- **makefile** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if a GNU make makefile should be created
- **makefiledir** (*str*) – GNU make makefile path
- **srcdir2** (*str*) – additional directory with common source files.
- **extrafiles** (*str*) – path for extrafiles file that contains paths to additional source files to include
- **excludefiles** (*str*) – path for excludefiles file that contains filename of source files to exclude from the build
- **sharedobject** (*bool*) – boolean indicating a shared object will be built
- **appdir** (*str*) – path for executable
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal
- **inplace** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the source files in srcdir, srcdir2, and defined in extrafiles will be used directly. If inplace is False, source files will be copied to a directory named srcdir\_temp. (default is False)
- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)
- **meson** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the executable should be built using the meson build system. (default is False)
- **mesondir** (*str*) – Main meson.build file path

**Returns**

**returncode** – return code

**Return type**

int

**make\_plots**(*srcdir*, *outdir*, *include\_subdir=False*, *level=3*, *extension='.png'*, *verbose=False*, *networkx=False*)

Create plots of module dependencies.

**Parameters**

- **srcdir** (*str*) – path for source files
- **outdir** (*str*) – path for output images
- **include\_subdir** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if subdirectories in the source file directory should be included
- **level** (*int*) – dependency level (1 is the minimum)
- **extension** (*str*) – output extension (default is .png)
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean indicating if output will be printed to the terminal

- **networkx** (*bool*) – boolean indicating that the NetworkX python package will be used to create the Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) used to determine the order source files are compiled in. The NetworkX package tends to result in a unique DAG more often than the standard algorithm used in pymake. (default is False)

**parser**(*examples=None*)

Construct the parser and return argument values.

**Parameters**

**examples** (*str*) –

**Returns**

**args** – Namespace with command line arguments

**Return type**

Namespace object

**repo\_latest\_version**(*github\_repo=None, verify=True*)

Return a string of the latest version number (tag) contained in a github repository release.

**Parameters**

**github\_repo** (*str*) – Repository name, such as MODFLOW-USGS/modflow6. If github\_repo is None set to 'MODFLOW-USGS/executables'

**Returns**

**version** – string with the latest version/tag number

**Return type**

str

**to\_pydot**(*dag, filename='mygraph.png'*)

Create a png file of a Directed Acyclic Graph

**Parameters**

- **dag** (*object*) – directed acyclic graph
- **filename** (*str*) – path of the graph png

**class usgs\_program\_data**

Bases: object

USGS program database class.

**static export\_json**(*fpth='code.json', prog\_data=None, current=False, update=True, write\_markdown=False, verbose=False*)

Export USGS program data as a json file.

**Parameters**

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is "code.json"
- **prog\_data** (*dict*) – User-specified program database. If prog\_data is None, it will be created from the USGS program database
- **current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.
- **update** (*bool*) – If True, existing targets in the user-specified program database with values in the USGS program database. If False, existing targets in the user-specified program database will not be updated. Default is True.

- **write\_markdown** (*bool*) – If True, write markdown file that includes the target name, version, and the last-modified date of the download asset (url). Default is False.
- **verbose** (*bool*) – boolean for verbose output to terminal

**static get\_keys**(*current=False*)

Get target keys from the USGS program database.

**Parameters**

**current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

**Returns**

**keys** – list of USGS program targets

**Return type**

list

**static get\_precision**(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

**Parameters**

**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program

**Returns**

**precision** – List

**Return type**

list

**static get\_program\_dict**()

Get the complete USGS program database.

**Returns**

**program\_dict** – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for all targets

**Return type**

dict

**static get\_target**(*key*)

Get the dictionary for a specified target.

**Parameters**

**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program that may have a path and an extension

**Returns**

**program\_dict** – Dictionary with USGS program attributes for the specified key

**Return type**

dict

**static get\_version**(*key*)

Get the current version of the specified target.

**Parameters**

**key** (*str*) – Target USGS program

**Returns**

**version** – current version of the specified target

**Return type**

str

**static list\_json**(*fpth*='code.json')

List an existing code json file.

**Parameters**

**fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”

**static list\_targets**(*current=False*)

Print a list of the available USGS program targets.

**Parameters**

**current** (*bool*) – If False, all USGS program targets are listed. If True, only USGS program targets that are defined as current are listed. Default is False.

**static load\_json**(*fpth*='code.json')

Load an existing code json file. Basic error checking is done to make sure the file contains the correct keys.

**Parameters**

**fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be created. Default is “code.json”

**Returns**

**json\_dict** – Valid USGS program database

**Return type**

dict

**static update\_json**(*fpth*='code.json', *temp\_dict=None*)

UPDATE an existing code json file.

**Parameters**

- **fpth** (*str*) – Path for the json file to be listed. Default is “code.json”
- **temp\_dict** (*dict*) – Dictionary with USGS program data for a target

**zip\_all**(*path*, *file\_pths=None*, *dir\_pths=None*, *patterns=None*)

Compress all files in the user-provided list of file paths and directory paths that match the provided file patterns.

**Parameters**

- **path** (*str*) – path of the zip file that will be created
- **file\_pths** (*str or list*) – file path or list of file paths to be compressed
- **dir\_pths** (*str or list*) – directory path or list of directory paths to search for files that will be compressed
- **patterns** (*str or list*) – file pattern or list of file patterns s to match to when creating a list of files that will be compressed



## INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`





## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

### p

- [pymake](#), 26
- [pymake.cmds](#), 26
- [pymake.cmds.build](#), 25
- [pymake.cmds.createjson](#), 25
- [pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli](#), 25
- [pymake.config](#), 26
- [pymake.plot](#), 18
- [pymake.plot.dependency\\_graphs](#), 17
- [pymake.pymake](#), 11
- [pymake.pymake\\_base](#), 15
- [pymake.pymake\\_build\\_apps](#), 14
- [pymake.pymake\\_parser](#), 17
- [pymake.utils](#), 25
- [pymake.utils.download](#), 18
- [pymake.utils.usgsprograms](#), 21



## A

`argv_reset_settings()` (Pymake method), 12, 26

## B

`build()` (Pymake method), 12, 26

`build_apps()` (in module `pymake`), 27

`build_apps()` (in module `pymake.pymake_build_apps`), 14

## C

`compress_targets()` (Pymake method), 12, 26

`compressall()` (`pymakeZipFile` static method), 20

## D

`dotdict` (class in `pymake.utils.usgsprograms`), 23

`download_and_unzip()` (in module `pymake`), 28

`download_and_unzip()` (in module `py-make.utils.download`), 18

`download_setup()` (Pymake method), 12, 26

`download_target()` (Pymake method), 12, 26

`download_url()` (Pymake method), 13, 27

## E

`export_json()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 23, 31

`extract()` (`pymakeZipFile` method), 20

`extractall()` (`pymakeZipFile` method), 20

## F

`finalize()` (Pymake method), 13, 27

## G

`get_keys()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 23, 32

`get_precision()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 23, 32

`get_program_dict()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 23, 32

`get_repo_assets()` (in module `pymake`), 28

`get_repo_assets()` (in module `py-make.utils.download`), 19

`get_target()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 24, 32

`get_temporary_directories()` (in module `py-make.pymake_base`), 15

`get_version()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 24, 32

`getmfexes()` (in module `pymake`), 29

`getmfexes()` (in module `pymake.utils.download`), 19

`getmfnightly()` (in module `pymake.utils.download`), 19

## L

`list_json()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 24, 32

`list_targets()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 24, 33

`load_json()` (`usgs_program_data` static method), 24, 33

## M

`main()` (in module `pymake`), 29

`main()` (in module `pymake.cmds.build`), 25

`main()` (in module `pymake.cmds.createjson`), 25

`main()` (in module `pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli`), 25

`main()` (in module `pymake.pymake_base`), 15

`make_plots()` (in module `pymake`), 30

`make_plots()` (in module `py-make.plot.dependency_graphs`), 17

module

`pymake`, 26

`pymake.cmds`, 26

`pymake.cmds.build`, 25

`pymake.cmds.createjson`, 25

`pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli`, 25

`pymake.config`, 26

`pymake.plot`, 18

`pymake.plot.dependency_graphs`, 17

`pymake.pymake`, 11

`pymake.pymake_base`, 15

`pymake.pymake_build_apps`, 14

`pymake.pymake_parser`, 17

`pymake.utils`, 25

`pymake.utils.download`, 18

`pymake.utils.usgsprograms`, 21

## P

parser() (in module pymake), 31  
 parser() (in module pymake.pymake\_parser), 17  
 pymake  
     module, 26  
 Pymake (class in pymake), 26  
 Pymake (class in pymake.pymake), 12  
 pymake.cmds  
     module, 26  
 pymake.cmds.build  
     module, 25  
 pymake.cmds.createjson  
     module, 25  
 pymake.cmds.mfpymakecli  
     module, 25  
 pymake.config  
     module, 26  
 pymake.plot  
     module, 18  
 pymake.plot.dependency\_graphs  
     module, 17  
 pymake.pymake  
     module, 11  
 pymake.pymake\_base  
     module, 15  
 pymake.pymake\_build\_apps  
     module, 14  
 pymake.pymake\_parser  
     module, 17  
 pymake.utils  
     module, 25  
 pymake.utils.download  
     module, 18  
 pymake.utils.usgsprograms  
     module, 21  
 pymakeZipFile (class in pymake.utils.download), 20

## R

repo\_latest\_version() (in module pymake), 31  
 repo\_latest\_version() (in module pymake.utils.download), 21  
 reset() (Pymake method), 13, 27

## S

set\_build\_target\_bool() (Pymake method), 13, 27

## T

to\_pydot() (in module pymake), 31  
 to\_pydot() (in module pymake.plot.dependency\_graphs), 18

## U

update\_build\_targets() (Pymake method), 13, 27

update\_json() (usgs\_program\_data static method), 24, 33  
 update\_target() (Pymake method), 13, 27  
 usgs\_program\_data (class in pymake), 31  
 usgs\_program\_data (class in pymake.utils.usgsprograms), 23

## Z

zip\_all() (in module pymake), 33  
 zip\_all() (in module pymake.utils.download), 21